**Non-Consolidated Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2008 and 2007

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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## Independent Auditors' Report

#### Based on a report originally issued in Korean

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd.;

We have audited the accompanying non-consolidated balance sheets of Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related non-consolidated statements of income, appropriation of retained earnings, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These non-consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these non-consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the non-consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd. as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the results of its operations, the appropriation of its retained earnings, the changes in its equity and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of Korea.

The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 have been translated into United States dollars solely for the convenience of the reader. We have audited the translation and, in our opinion, the non-consolidated financial statements expressed in Korean Won have been translated into dollars on the basis set forth in note 2 to the non-consolidated financial statements.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the follwing::

As discussed in note 2(a) to the non-consolidated financial statements, accounting principles and auditing standards and their application in practice vary among countries. The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than the Republic of Korea. In addition, the procedures and practices utilized in the Republic of Korea to audit such non-consolidated financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries. Accordingly, this report and the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements are for use by those knowledgeable about Korean accounting principles and auditing standards and their application in practice.

As discussed in note 34 to the non-consolidated financial statements, the Company changed its method of accounting for equity method investments in accordance with Statement of Korea Accounting Standard No. 15, *Investment In Associates*, revised February 22, 2008, which requires the difference between the acquisition cost of minority interest of subsidiaries and book value of net assets transferred to be recorded in capital surplus or capital adjustment, as appropriate, resulting in net assets of the non-consolidated financial statements to equal those of the consolidated financial statements. The Company restated prior period's non-consolidated financial statements in accordance with the transition requirements for changes in accounting policy.

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp. Seoul, Korea February 12, 2009

This report is effective as of February 12, 2009, the audit report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying (non-consolidated) financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that there is a possibility that the above audit report may have to be revised to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

# **Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets**

As of December 31, 2008 and 2007

<u>Assets</u> Current assets:	₩	2008	2007	
Current assets:	₩			2008
	₩			
Cash and cash equivalents (note 10)		309,696	467,026 \$	246,279
Short-term deposits (notes 4, 13 and 14)		43,901	318,985	34,911
Short-term held-to-maturity securities (note 6)		159,445	-	126,795
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of <del>W</del> 2,683 million in 2008				
and ₩2,838 million in 2007 (note 9)		234,714	247,543	186,651
Other accounts receivable, net of allowance				
for doubtful accounts of $W2,813$ million in 2008 and $W1,164$ million in 2007 (notes 9 and 14)		75,045	55,515	59,678
Advance payments, net of allowance for		10,010	00,010	00,010
doubtful accounts of ₩463 million in 2008 and				
₩379 million in 2007		16,285	11,585	12,950
Inventories (notes 5, 9 and 10)		1,037,885	1,017,880	825,356
Deferred income tax assets, net (note 28)		12,535	9,848	9,968
Other current assets (note 7)	_	50,897	24,906	40,476
Total current assets	-	1,940,403	2,153,288	1,543,064
Non-current assets:				
Available-for-sale securities (notes 6 and 13)		157,753	102,965	125,450
Equity method investment securities (note 6)		2,854,947	2,096,901	2,270,335
Derivative assets (notes 6 and 20)		208,866	-	166,097
Other investment assets (notes 4, 12, 13 and 14)		42,413	16,602	33,728
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated				
depreciation of $\Psi$ 1,937,027 million in 2008 and		7 000 004	0 7 40 070	5 045 004
W1,611,546 million in 2007 (notes 10 and 35) Intangible assets, net of amortization (notes 11 and		7,060,981	6,740,876	5,615,094
35)		131,530	112,524	104,596
Long-term prepaid expenses		190,700	161,226	151,650
Long-term advance payments (note 31)		52,030	98,418	41,376
Guarantee deposits (note 17)	_	664,060	459,555	528,080
Total non-current assets	_	11,363,280	9,789,067	9,036,406
Total assets	₩_	13,303,683	11,942,355 \$	10,579,470

# Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets, Continued

# As of December 31, 2008 and 2007

		Koroon Wa	n (millione)	U.S. dollars (thousands)
Liphilition and Stockholdorn' Equity		Korean Wo 2008	2007	(note 2) 2008
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		2000	2007	2006
Current liabilities:				
Trade accounts payable (notes 9 and 14)	₩	1,642,378	1,613,779 \$	1,306,066
Short-term borrowings (notes 15 and 31)		220,001	1	174,951
Other accounts payable (notes 9 and 14)		486,372	381,357	386,777
Advances from customers		17,596	14,435	13,993
Accrued expenses (note 14)		142,822	120,816	113,576
Accrual for gift certificates		339,526	322,108	270,001
Current portion of debentures, net of discount				
of $W442$ million in 2007 (note 16)		-	549,558	-
Income tax payable		214,128	195,873	170,281
Accrual for bonus points reward program (note 19)		30,808	29,362	24,499
Other current liabilities		53,842	65,322	42,817
Total current liabilities		3,147,473	3,292,611	2,502,961
Long-term liabilities:				
Debentures, net of discount of ₩8,227 million in 2008	3			
(notes 14, 16 and 20)		899,001	-	714,911
Leasehold deposits (note 17)		244,808	246,011	194,679
Accrual for retirement and severance benefits, net				
(note 18)		47,503	43,265	37,775
Deferred income tax liabilities (note 28)		134,236	186,393	106,748
Total long-term liabilities		1,325,548	475,669	1,054,113
Total liabilities		4,473,021	3,768,280	3,557,074
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock of ₩5,000 par value (note 21)				
Authorized - 60,000,000 shares				
Issued and outstanding - 29,043,374 shares		145,217	145,217	115,481
Capital surplus (note 21)		4,650,895	4,652,123	3,698,525
Capital adjustments (note 22)		(16,271)	-,002,120	(12,939)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (note 23)		45,943	78,377	36,535
Retained earnings (note 24)		4,004,878	3,298,358	3,184,794
····· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,	-,,•••
Total stockholders' equity		8,830,662	8,174,075	7,022,396
Commitments and contingencies (note 31)				
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	₩	13,303,683	11,942,355 \$	10,579,470

# **Non-Consolidated Statements of Income**

# For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

		Korean Wo except for e sha	arnings per		U.S. dollars (thousands, except for earnings per share)
	-	2008	2007		2008
Sales (notes 9, 25, 26 and 35)	₩	10,553,792	9,768,132	\$	8,392,678
Cost of sales (notes 9, 25 and 26)		7,332,320	6,844,893	· -	5,830,871
Gross profit		3,221,472	2,923,239		2,561,807
Selling and administrative expenses (notes 9 and 27)		2,452,483	2,166,568	. <u>-</u>	1,950,284
Operating income (note 35)		768,989	756,671	. <u>-</u>	611,523
Non-operating income:					
Interest income		43,065	66,149		34,247
Dividend income		2,465	1,881		1,960
Gain on foreign currency transactions		762	4,910		606
Gain on foreign currency translation		5,415	-		4,306
Gain on valuation of derivative instruments (note 20)		184,663	-		146,849
Equity in earnings of equity method investment securities (note 6)		203,150	212,247		161,550
Gain on disposition of equity method investment		200,100	212,247		101,550
securities (note 6)		20,395	-		16,219
Gain on disposition of available-for-sale securities		626	-		498
Gain on disposition of property, plant and equipment		48,839	378		38,838
Others		13,528	22,301		10,758
		522,908	307,866		415,831
Non-operating expenses:				· -	
Interest expense		28,839	36,524		22,934
Loss on foreign currency transactions		819	161		651
Loss on foreign currency translation		184,328	5		146,583
Loss on valuation of derivative instruments (note 20)		59	-		47
Loss on derivative instruments transactions		-	190		-
Equity in loss of equity method investment securities (note 6)		111,684	38,746		88,814
Loss on disposition of property, plant and equipment		13,610	642		10,823
Others		25,583	30,399		20,345
Others		20,000			20,345
		364,922	106,667	· -	290,197
Income before income taxes		926,975	957,870		737,157
Income taxes (note 28)	-	184,151	265,736	· -	146,442
Net income	₩	742,824	692,134	\$	590,715
Basic earnings per share in Won and U.S. dollars (note 29)	₩	25,576	23,831	\$	20.34

# Non-Consolidated Statements of Appropriation of Retained Earnings

# For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

		Korean Wo 2008	on (millions) 2007	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 2) 2008
Unappropriated retained earnings:				
Balance at beginning of year	₩	22,669	20,464	\$ 18,027
Net income		742,824	692,134	590,715
Balance at end of year before appropriation (note 24)		765,493	712,598	608,742
Transfer from voluntry reserves:				
Reserve for finance structure improvement		-	5	-
Unappropriated retained earnings available for appropriation		765,493	712,603	608,742
Appropriation of retained earnings:				
Legal reserve		3,630	3,630	2,887
Voluntry reserve		710,000	650,000	564,612
Cash dividends (note 30) – 25.00% on par value at				
₩1,250 per share		36,304	36,304	28,870
		749,934	689,934	596,369
Unappropriated retained earnings to be carried over to				
subsequent year	₩	15,559	22,669	\$ 12,373
	-			

# Non-Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

# For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

				Korean	Won (millions)			U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 2)
	-			Rorean	Accumulated			(1010 2)
	-	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Capital adjustments	other comprehensive income	Retained earnings	Total equity	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2007 Cumulative effect of	₩	145,217	4,650,895	-	84,349	2,635,392	7,515,853	\$ 5,976,821
change in accounting policy		-	1,262		(20,550)	7,136	(12,152)	(9,663)
Balance at January 1, 2007, restated		145,217	4,652,157		63,799	2,642,528	7,503,701	5,967,158
Net income		-	-,052,157	-		692,134	692,134	550,405
Payment of cash dividends						(36,304)		(29.970)
Change in fair value of		-	-	-	-	(30,304)	(36,304)	(28,870)
available-for-sale securities, net of tax Change in equity of		-	-	-	11,746	-	11,746	9,341
equity method investments, net of tax Effective portion of changes in fair value of		-	(34)	-	3,074	-	3,040	2,417
cash flow hedges, net of tax	-				(242)		(242)	(193)
Balance at December 31, 2007	₩	145,217	4,652,123		78,377	3,298,358	8,174,075	\$6,500,258
Balance at January 1, 2008 Cumulative effect of	₩	145,217	4,650,895	-	98,892	3,288,549	8,183,553	\$ 6,507,796
change in accounting policy (note 34)		-	1,228	-	(20,515)	9,809	(9,478)	(7,538)
Balance at January 1, 2008, restated	-	145,217	4,652,123	-	78,377	3,298,358	8,174,075	6,500,258
Net income		-	-	-	-	742,824	742,824	590,715
Payment of cash dividends		-	_	_	_	(36,304)	(36,304)	(28,870)
Change in fair value of						(00,001)	(00,001)	(20,010)
available-for-sale securities, net of tax Change in equity of		-	-	-	(29,505)	-	(29,505)	(23,463)
equity method investments, net of tax Effective portion of changes in fair value of		-	(1,228)	(16,271)	17,263	-	(236)	(187)
cash flow hedges, net of tax	-				(20,192)		(20,192)	(16,057)
Balance at December 31,								
2008	₩	145,217	4,650,895	(16,271)	45,943	4,004,878	8,830,662	\$ 7,022,396

# Non-Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

# For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

Korean Won (millions)       (note 2)         2008       2007       2008         Cash flows from operating activities:       W       742,824       692,134       \$ 590,71         Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:       B       337,856       305,028       268,675	15 73 37 48 49 56 94 22
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income ₩ 742,824 692,134 \$ 590,71 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	73 37 48 49 56 94 22
Net incomeW742,824692,134\$ 590,71Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:provided by operating activities:	73 37 48 49 56 94 22
Net incomeW742,824692,134\$ 590,71Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:provided by operating activities:	73 37 48 49 56 94 22
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	73 37 48 49 56 94 22
provided by operating activities:	37 48 49 56 94 22
	37 48 49 56 94 22
	37 48 49 56 94 22
Amortization of intangible assets 28,844 27,350 22,93	48 49 56 94 22
Provision for retirement and severance benefits 55,642 38,045 44,24	49 56 94 22
Loss on inventory shrinkage 10,373 9,032 8,24	56 94 22
Loss on valuation of inventory 1,076 4,320 850	94 22
Amortization of discount on debentures 1,250 2,410 99	22
Bad dept expenses 153 506 12	
Loss on foreign currency translation 184,328 5 146,58	
Equity in loss of equity method investment securities 111,684 38,746 88,81	
	47
Loss on disposition of property, plant and equipment 13,610 642 10,82	
Gain on foreign currency translation (5,415) - (4,306	
Equity in earnings of equity method investment	0)
securities (203,150) (212,247) (161,550	0)
Gain on valuation of derivative instruments (184,663) - (146,849	9)
Gain on disposition of Available-for-sale securities (626) - (498	8)
Gain on disposition of equity method investment	
securities (20,395) - (16,219	,
Gain on disposition of property, plant and equipment (48,839) (378) (38,838	,
Others 2,858 1,087 2,272	/2
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Trade accounts receivable12,964(17,515)10,309	
Other accounts receivable (9,034) (11,038) (7,184	,
Accrued interest income 8,140 (4,540) 6,47	
Advance payments         (53,805)         8,858         (42,787)	,
Inventories (31,454) (85,096) (25,013	,
Prepaid expenses (810) (796) (644	
Long-term prepaid expenses (29,447) (18,946) (23,418	,
Trade accounts payable28,62265,60622,76	
Other accounts payable         104,920         (50,044)         83,430           A data accounts payable         104,920         (4,027)         83,430	
Advances from customers         3,161         (4,027)         2,514           Asserved synapses         22,014         4,222         17,500	
Accrued expenses         22,014         4,222         17,500           Income taxes payable         18,255         71,577         14,511	
Income taxes payable         18,255         71,577         14,51           Accrual for gift certificates         17,418         20,783         13,85	
Accrual for gift certificates17,41820,78313,85Accrual for bonus points reward program1,4466,0781,149	
- ()	4 1)
Others(36,605)61,791(29,109	<u>9)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities $\Psi$ <u>1,018,185</u> <u>917,002</u> <u>\$809,68</u> See accompanying notes to non-consolidated financial statements.	37

# Non-Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Continued

# For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

				U.S. dollars (thousands)
		Korean Wo	n (millions)	(note 2)
	-	2008	2007	2008
	-			
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Cash inflows from investing activities:				
Maturity of short-term deposits	₩	668,485	2,546,806 \$	531,598
Refund of guarantee deposits paid		14,018	11,653	11,148
Proceeds from disposition of property, plant and		-		
equipment		228,252	21,062	181,513
Others		20,007	4,572	15,909
	-	930,762	2,584,093	740,168
Cash outflows for investing activities:	-	· · · ·	,	<i>,</i>
Purchase of short-term deposits		(393,401)	(1,439,264)	(312,844)
Purchase of available-for-sale securities		(97,072)	(10,944)	(77,194)
Purchase of held-to-maturity securities		(160,445)	-	(127,590)
Purchase of equity method investment securities		(601,123)	(342,129)	(478,030)
Payment of guarantee deposits		(87,016)	(78,729)	(69,198)
Payment of long-term advance payments		(89,940)	(57,212)	(71,523)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(888,866)	(1,002,121)	(706,852)
Additions to intangible assets		(18,273)	(47,246)	(14,531)
Purchase of long-term deposits		(12,500)	-	(9,940)
Purchase of derivative assets		(50,090)	-	(39,833)
Others		(55,113)	(12,246)	(43,827)
	-	(2,453,839)	(2,989,891)	(1,951,362)
	-	(2,400,000)	(2,303,031)	(1,001,002)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(1,523,077)	(405,799)	(1,211,194)
Oracle flavor for an financial a satisfication				
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Cash inflows from financing activities:		100.001	050	004 744
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		480,001	252	381,711
Proceeds from issuance of debentures		715,068	-	568,643
Receipt of leasehold deposits	-	28,675	18,821	22,804
	-	1,223,744	19,073	973,158
Cash outflows for financing activities:				(
Repayment of short-term borrowings		(260,001)	(65,324)	(206,760)
Redemption of debentures		(550,000)	(683,598)	(437,376)
Refund of leasehold deposits received		(29,877)	(25,611)	(23,759)
Dividends paid	-	(36,304)	(36,304)	(28,870)
	-	(876,182)	(810,837)	(696,765)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	-	347,562	(791,764)	276,393
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(157,330)	(280,560)	(125,114)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	-	467,026	747,586	371,393
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	₩_	309,696	467,026 \$	246,279

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2008 and 2007

## (1) Organization and Description of Business

Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was established on July 2, 1970 in the Republic of Korea to engage in retail operations through department stores, discount stores and supermarkets. In addition to the retail operations, the Company's business includes, among other things, a chain of multiplex movie theaters under the brand name Lotte Cinema, and a food manufacturing division. The Company was listed on the Korea Stock Exchange and London Stock Exchange through an initial public offering in February 2006.

The stockholders of the Company as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Stockholder	Number of shares	Ownership (%)
Shin Dong Bin Shin Dong Ju Shin Kyuk Ho Shin Young Ja Hotel Lotte Co., Ltd. Korea Fuji Film Co., Ltd. Lotte Confectionery Co., Ltd. Lotte Data Communication Company Lotte Chilsung Beverage Co., Ltd. Lotte Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd. Hotel Lotte Pusan Co., Ltd. Others	4,237,627 4,235,883 426,511 228,962 2,697,201 2,474,543 2,474,543 1,515,653 1,237,272 300,019 246,720 8,968,440	14.6% 14.6% 1.5% 0.8% 9.3% 8.5% 8.5% 8.5% 4.3% 1.0% 0.8% 30.9%
Total	29,043,374	100.0%

# (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements

# (a) <u>Basis of Presenting Financial Statements</u>

The Company maintains its accounting records in Korean Won and prepares statutory non-consolidated financial statements in the Korean language in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of Korea (Korean GAAP). Certain accounting principles applied by the Company that conform with financial accounting standards and accounting principles in the Republic of Korea may not conform with generally accepted accounting principles in other countries. Accordingly, these non-consolidated financial statements are intended solely for use by only those who are informed about Korean accounting principles and practices. The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements have been condensed, restructured and translated into English from the Korean language non-consolidated financial statements. Certain information included in the Korean language nonconsolidated financial statements, but not required for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows, is not presented in the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

#### December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements.</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (a) Basis of Presenting Financial Statements, Continued

The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements include only the accounts of the Company, and do not consolidate the accounts of any of its subsidiaries. Instead, these subsidiaries are accounted for under the equity method of accounting (note 6).

The Company prepares the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of Korea. Except for the change in accounting policy as discussed in note 34, the Company applied the same accounting policies that were adopted in the previous year's non-consolidated financial statements.

#### (b) <u>Revenue Recognition</u>

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of goods upon purchase by endcustomers or delivery. Revenue from sale of apartments in lots are recognized using the percentage-of-completion method, measured principally by the percentage of costs incurred to total estimated contract costs. Revenue other than the sale of goods and apartments in lots is recognized when the Company's earnings process is either complete or nearly complete in substance, the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the Company will receive the economic benefits associated with the transaction.

Pursuant to Statement of Korea Accounting Standard ("SKAS") No. 4, *Revenue Recognition*, the Company recognizes sales on a gross basis for merchandise which the Company bears the overall inventory risk in connection with purchase contracts with vendors where the merchandise may only be returned for a full refund prior to the end of the relevant season (for seasonal merchandise) or within 90 days from delivery (for non-seasonal merchandise). The Company recognizes sales on a net basis for merchandise that may be returned to vendors at any time.

#### (c) <u>Allowance for Doubtful Accounts</u>

Allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated based on an analysis of individual accounts and past experience of collection. However, when the principal of trade accounts and notes receivable, interest rate or repayment period are changed unfavorably for the Company by a court, such as on commencement of reorganization, or by mutual agreement and the difference between nominal value and present value is material, the difference is recognized as bad debt expense.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (d) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated selling costs. The costs of inventories are determined as follows:

_	Retail business segment (excluding Mart Division)	Retail business segment (Mart Division)	Food manufacturing business segment
Merchandise and	Retail method	Gross average	Gross average
finished goods		method	method
Materials-in- transit	Specific identification method	Specific identification method	Specific identification method
Others	First-in, first-out	First-in, first-out	Gross average
	method	method	method

The amounts of any write-down of inventories to net realizable value due to obsolescence or excess inventory or other losses occurring in the normal course of business are recognized as cost of sales and such valuation losses are deducted from inventories as allowance for valuation losses.

The Company recognizes interest costs and other financial charges on borrowings associated with inventories that require a long period in the acquisition, construction or production as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

# (e) <u>Investments in Securities (excluding investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint</u> ventures)

#### (i) Classification

Upon acquisition, the Company classifies debt and equity securities into the following categories: held-to-maturity, available-for-sale or trading securities. This classification is reassessed at each balance sheet date.

Investments in debt securities where the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity. Securities that are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term are classified as trading securities. Investments not classified as either held-to-maturity or trading securities are classified as available-for-sale securities.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

# (e) <u>Investments in Securities (excluding investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint</u> <u>ventures), Continued</u>

#### (ii) Initial recognition

Investments in securities are initially recognized at cost.

(iii) Subsequent measurement and income recognition

Trading securities are subsequently carried at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of trading securities are included in the non-consolidated income statement in the period in which they arise. Available-for-sale securities are subsequently carried at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available-for-sale securities are recognized as other comprehensive income, net of tax, directly in equity. Investments in available-for-sale securities that do not have readily determinable fair values are recognized at cost less impairment, if any. Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost with interest income recognized in the non-consolidated income statement using the effective interest method.

#### (iv) Fair value information

The fair value of marketable securities is determined using quoted market prices as of the period end. Non-marketable debt securities are fair valued by discounting cash flows using the prevailing market rates for debt with a similar credit risk and remaining maturity. Credit risk is determined using issuer's credit rating as announced by accredited credit rating agencies in Korea. The fair value of investments in money market funds is determined by investment management companies.

(v) Presentation

Trading securities are presented as current assets. Available-for-sale securities, which mature within one year from the balance sheet date or where the likelihood of disposal is within one year from the balance sheet date is probable, are presented as current assets. Held-to-maturity securities, which mature within one year from the balance sheet date, are presented as current assets. All other available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities are presented as non-current assets.

(vi) Impairment

The Company reviews investments in securities whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the investments may not be recoverable. Impairment losses are recognized when reasonably estimated recoverable amounts are less than the carrying amount and it is not obviously evident that impairment is unnecessary.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements.</u> <u>Continued</u>

# (e) <u>Investments in Securities (excluding investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint</u> <u>ventures), Continued</u>

#### (vi) Impairment, Continued

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal is objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized and a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized in the asset in prior years. For held-to-maturity securities measured at amortized cost and available-for-sale securities that are debt securities, the reversal is recognized in profit or loss. For available-for-sale securities that are equity securities, the reversal is recognized directly in equity.

#### (f) Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries

Associates are entities where the Company has the ability to significantly influence its financial and operating policies. It is presumed to have significant influence if the Company holds directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company.

Investments in associates and subsidiaries are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost.

The Company's investments in associates and subsidiaries include goodwill identified on the acquisition date (net of any accumulated impairment loss). Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the acquisition cost of an investment in an associate or subsidiary over the Company's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. Goodwill is amortized using the straight-line method over 10 years. Amortization of goodwill is recorded together with equity in earnings (losses).

When events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of goodwill may not be recoverable, the Company reviews goodwill for impairment and records any impairment loss immediately in the non-consolidated statement of income.

The Company's share of its post-acquisition profits or losses in investments in associates and subsidiaries is recognized in the non-consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in equity is recognized in equity. The cumulative postacquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of each investment. Changes in the carrying amount of an investment resulting from dividends by an associate or subsidiary are recognized when the associate or subsidiary declares the dividend. When the Company's share of losses in an associate or subsidiary equals or exceeds its interest in the associate or subsidiary, including preferred stock or other long term loans and receivables issued by the associate or subsidiary, the Company does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or subsidiary. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and its associates or subsidiaries are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in each associate or subsidiary.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

#### December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements.</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (f) Investments in Associates and Subsidiaries, Continued

If the investee is a subsidiary, net income and net assets of the parent company's separate financial statements should agree with the parent company's share in the net income and net assets of the consolidated financial statements, except when the Company discontinues the application of the equity method due to its investment in a subsidiary being reduced to zero.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and its associates or subsidiaries are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in each associate or subsidiary

#### (g) Joint Venture Investments

Joint ventures are those entities or assets over whose activities the Company has joint control.

In respect to jointly controlled operations, the Company includes in its non-consolidated financial statements, the assets that it controls and the liabilities and expenses it has incurred, plus its share of the income (loss) from the joint operation. For its interest in jointly controlled assets, the Company recognizes in the non-consolidated financial statements, its share of the assets it jointly controls, the liabilities jointly incurred and net income (loss), plus the liabilities and expenses it has solely incurred, if any. In addition, the Company accounts for its interest in a jointly controlled entity using the equity method of accounting.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

#### December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (h) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation, except for revaluations made in accordance with the Asset Revaluation Law prior to the Law being revoked on December 2000.

Additions or improvements extending useful lives of assets are capitalized. However, normal maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over their respective estimated useful lives for buildings, structures and by the declining-balance method for vehicles, display fixtures and other furniture and fixtures. For machinery used in the retail business segment, depreciation is computed by the straight-line method, whereas machinery used in all other segments is computed by the declining-balance method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Useful lives (years)
Puildingo	10 – 30
Buildings Structures	10 - 30
Machinery	4 - 30
Vehicles	4
Display fixtures	4
Other furniture and fixtures	4

The Company recognizes interest costs and other financial charges on borrowings associated with the production, acquisition, construction of property, plant and equipment as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

The Company reviews property, plant and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the estimated undiscounted future net cash flows from the use of the asset including proceeds from ultimate disposal are less than its carrying amount.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (i) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated amortization. Subsequent expenditures, which enable the assets to generate future economic benefits that can be measured and reliably attributed to the assets, are treated as additions to intangible assets.

The copyright on film is stated at cost and amortized over the estimated period the related revenue will be recognized. Estimated realization period is evaluated on a periodic basis. In addition, impairment loss on intangible assets is recognized when the realization of revenue is uncertain.

The Company accounts for acquisition of a business assuming the transaction occurred as of the most recent quarter end (the deemed acquisition date). Goodwill, which represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of net identifiable assets acquired, is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life not to exceed 20 years. Impairment loss on goodwill is recognized when the recoverable amount declines below its carrying amount and its amount is material.

Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

	Useful lives (years)
Goodwill	10
Industrial property rights	5
Rights to use water supply facility	10
Rights to use electricity supply facility	10
Rights to use gas supply facility	10
Rights to use facility	20
Brand license	5~10
Film copyrights	Duration of related revenue
Software	to be realized 5

When the recoverable amount of the intangible assets is substantially below the carrying amount of the assets due to obsolescence or a sharp decline in their market value, the Company reduces the carrying amount to the recoverable amount and the amount impaired is recognized as an impairment loss.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (j) <u>Leases</u>

The Company accounts for and classifies its lease transactions as either an operating or capital lease, depending on the terms of the lease.

If a lease meets one or more of the criteria listed below, the present value of future minimum lease payments is capitalized with a corresponding obligation under capital lease. Otherwise, it is classified as an operating lease.

- Ownership of the leased property transfers to the lessee at the end of the lease term.
- The lease has a bargain purchase option which is reasonably certain to be exercised, at the inception of the lease.
- The lease term is equal to 75% or more of the estimated economic useful life of the leased property.
- The present value at the beginning of the lease term of the minimum lease payments equals or exceeds 90% of the fair value of the leased property.

In addition, if the leased property is specialized to the extent that only the lessee can use it without any major modification, it would be considered a capital lease.

Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straightline basis over the period of the lease.

#### (k) Discount on Debentures

Discount on debentures issued, which represents the difference between the face value and issuance price of debentures, is amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the debentures. The amount amortized is included in interest expense.

#### (I) <u>Retirement and Severance Benefits</u>

Employees who have been with the Company for more than one year are entitled to lumpsum payments based on salary rates and length of service at the time they leave the Company. The Company's estimated liability under the plan which would be payable if all employees left on the balance sheet date is accrued in the accompanying non-consolidated balance sheets. A portion of the liability is covered by an employees' severance benefits trust where the employees have a vested interest in the deposit with the insurance company in trust. The deposit for severance benefits held in trust is, therefore, reflected in the accompanying non-consolidated balance sheets as a reduction of the liability for retirement and severance benefits.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

#### December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (m) Foreign Currency Translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Korean Won at the balance sheet date, with the resulting gains or losses recognized in the current operations. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Korean Won at W1,257.5 to US\$1, the rate of exchange on December 31, 2008. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, which are stated at historical cost, are translated into Korean Won at the foreign exchange rate on the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency assets and liabilities of foreign-based operations and companies accounted for using the equity method are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Foreign currency amounts in the statement of income are translated using an average rate and foreign currency balances in the capital account are translated using the historical rate. Translation gains and losses arising from collective translation of the foreign currency financial statements of foreign-based operations are recorded net as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income. These gains and losses are subsequently recognized as income (loss) in the period the foreign operations or companies are liquidated or sold.

#### (n) Derivatives and Hedge Accounting

The Company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred.

#### (i) <u>Hedge accounting</u>

Where a derivative, which meets certain criteria, is used for hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset, liability or firm commitment, it is designated as a fair value hedge. Where a derivative, which meets certain criteria, is used for hedging the exposure to the variability of the future cash flows of a forecasted transaction it is designated as a cash flow hedge.

The Company documents, at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Company also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting the changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (n) Derivatives and Hedge Accounting, Continued

#### (ii) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the statement of income, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### (iii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in equity. The gain or loss relating to any ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of income. Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled to the income statement in the periods in which the hedged item will affect profit or loss. When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at the time remains in equity and is recognized when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognized in the statement of income. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the non-consolidated statement of income.

(iv) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments that are not designated as fair value or cash flow hedges are recognized immediately in current operations.

# (o) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when all of the following are met: (1) an entity has a present obligation as a result of a past event, (2) it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and (3) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, a provision is recorded at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

Where the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when it is virtually certain that the Company will receive reimbursement upon settlement of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented net of the reimbursement.

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

#### December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (2) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presenting Financial Statements,</u> <u>Continued</u>

#### (p) Liability for Gift Certificates

Gift certificates are recognized as liabilities when they are sold and subsequently recognized as sales when redeemed. When the exercise period (5 years after sale) of gift certificates expires, the Company recognizes the income as other non-operating income.

#### (q) Income Taxes

Income tax on the income or loss for the period comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the non-consolidated statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using enacted tax rates.

Deferred tax is provided using the asset and liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the unused tax losses and credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on the classification of the related asset or liability for financial reporting or the expected reversal date of the temporary difference for those with no related asset or liability such as loss carryforwards and tax credit carryforwards. The deferred tax amounts are presented as a net current asset or liability and a net non-current asset or liability.

#### (r) Earnings Per Share

Earnings per common share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period.

# (s) Use of Estimates

The preparation of non-consolidated financial statements in accordance with Korean GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the non-consolidated financial statements and related notes to non-consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

## December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (3) Basis of Translating the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

The non-consolidated financial statements are expressed in Korean Won and, solely for the convenience of the reader, have been translated into U.S. dollars at the rate of \$1,257.5 to US\$1, the basic exchange rate on December 31, 2008. This translation should not be construed as a representation that any or all of the amounts shown could be converted into U.S. dollars at this or any other rate.

#### (4) Restricted Deposits

Restricted deposits included in short-term and long-term financial instruments as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

Account	Depositary	-	Korean Wo 2008	n (millions) 2007	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008
Short-term: Guarantee deposits for performance of contracts	Kookmin Bank and others	₩	12,208	1,985	\$ 9,708
Long-term: Guarantee deposits for performance of contracts Guarantee deposits for	Shinhan Bank Shinhan Bank		12,500	-	9,940
checking accounts	and others	_	31	31	25
Total	Ľ	₩_	24,739	2,016	\$ 19,673

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

## (5) Inventories

(a) Inventories as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

Description	-	Korean Wo 2008	n (millions) 2007	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008
Merchandise, net of allowance for valuation losses of ₩5,396 million in 2008 and ₩4,320 million in 2007 Finished goods Raw materials Supplies Materials-in-transit Plots of land Unfinished apartment units	₩	1,004,912 3,615 3,722 733 1,423 9,749 13,731	979,499 3,974 2,935 942 811 22,804 6,915	\$ 799,134 2,875 2,960 583 1,132 7,753 10,919
Total	₩	1,037,885	1,017,880	\$ 825,356

(b) Loss on inventory shrinkage for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are ₩10,373 million and ₩9,032 million, respectively.

# (6) Investment in Securities

Investments in securities as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

#### (a) Available-for-sale securities

(i) Equity securities

			Korean Wo 2008	n (millions)	2007		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008
Description	Owned shares	Cost	Fair value	Book value	Book value	· _	Book value
Marketable securities (*1):							
Busan Bank (*2)	3,892,318 ₩	18,041	22,653	22,653	61,109	\$	18,015
Shinhan Financial Group	271,662	1,584	8,068	8,068	14,534		6,416
Eyesvision Corporation Korea Investment	20,256	491	27	27	73		21
Corporation Korea Express Co., Ltd.	10,869	100	21	21	16		16
(*3)	584,795	49,910	52,047	52,047		· -	41,389
Subtotal		70,126	82,816	82,816	75,732	\$	65,857

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

# (a) Available-for-sale securities, Continued

(i) Equity securities, Continued

		Kore	ean Won (million	ns) 2007	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008
	Owned	200	Book	Book	2006
Description	shares	Cost	value	value	Book value
Non-marketable securities (*4):					
Lotte Giants (*5)	6,000 <del>V</del>	4 30	30	30	\$ 24
Korea Foods Industry Association	-	5	5	5	4
Hankyung Economic Daily	1,722	31	31	31	25
Agentrics	1,913,479	346	346	865	275
I Venture Media Investment Union So Big 5 Contents Investment	14	700	700	700	557
Union	18	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,431
M-cieta Development Co., Ltd.	499,800	2,499	2,499	2,205	1,987
M-cieta Co., Ltd. Corona Development (formerly	2,940	15	15	15	12
Incheon PF)	172,000	860	860	860	684
Lakepark AMC (*5)	14,340	72	72	72	57
Zara Retail Korea Co., Ltd. STX Construction Industrial Co.,	-	-	-	130	-
Ltd.	139	1	1	1	1
Union Ark Development Co., Ltd.	362,980	1,815	1,815	-	1,443
Union Ark Co., Ltd.	3,000	15	15	-	12
Biche-Nuri Development Co., Ltd.	30,000	150	150	-	119
Biche-Nuri Co., Ltd. Daol Union Ark Private equity real	3,000	15	15	-	12
estate 1 investment Co.	-	1,320	1,320	-	1,050
Lotte Jeju Resort Co.	500,000	2,500	2,500	-	1,988
Lotte Buyeo Resort Co. Lotte Properties (Shenyang)	1,333,333	6,667	6,667	-	5,302
Limited	-	28,726	28,726	-	22,844
Herald Media Inc.	12,000	60	-	-	-
V Bank Consulting	2,500	13	-	-	-
Incheon United Football Club	400	2	<u> </u>		-
Subtotal		47,642	47,567	6,714	37,827
Total	¥	¥ <u>117,768</u>	130,383	82,446	\$103,684

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

#### (a) Available-for-sale securities, Continued

- (\*1) The equity securities above are stated at fair value and the difference between acquisition cost and market value are recorded as unrealized gains on valuation of available-for-sale securities in other comprehensive income.
- (\*2) As of December 31, 2008, the Company has pledged 1,345,607 shares of Busan Bank to Gyeongsangnam-do Province as a performance guarantee for the construction of a large retail complex. The Company has also pledged 1,313,827 shares of Busan Bank to Busan Metropolitan City as a construction performance guarantee.
- (\*3) The Company participated in the Kumho Asiana Consortium ("KAC") which acquired Korea Express Co., Ltd.'s stocks in March 2008. According to the shareholders' agreement with Asiana Airlines Inc., a participant of KAC, the Company is prohibited to sell, assign or pledge the stocks as collateral to any 3rd party without prior permission of Asiana Airlines Inc. for 2 years after acquisition, and after 2 years, Asiana Airlines Inc. has the right of first refusal to purchase the stocks. If Asiana Airlines Inc. is no longer the majority stockholder by assigning stocks to 3rd parties, it will provide the Company with right of first refusal with the same terms and conditions. Also, according to the agreement with Kumho rent-a-car Co., Ltd., another participant of KAC, as the Company holds a put option to sell its stock at acquisition cost plus interest after 3 years of acquisition, the Company has recorded the fair value of the put option of W51,628 million as a non-current derivative asset. (see note 20)
- (\*4) The equity securities are stated at acquisition cost since their fair values are not available or readily determinable.
- (\*5) As described in note 2(f), investments in affiliates in which the Company owns 20% or more of the voting stock are stated at amounts as determined using the equity method. However, as the difference between the amount evaluated using the equity method and cost is considered to be immaterial, the Company recorded the investment at cost.
- (ii) Debt securities

		Korean (millio 2008	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008	
Current assets:		2000	2007	2000
Government and public bonds (note 7)	₩	2	32	\$ 2
Non-current assets:				
Government and public bonds		27,370	20,519	21,766
Total	₩	27,372	20,551	\$ 21,768

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

- (a) Available-for-sale securities, Continued
  - (iii) Changes in unrealized holding gains (losses)

Changes in unrealized gains (losses) for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		Korean (millio		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
	_	2008	2007	 2008
Balance at beginning of period Unrealized gains (losses) on valuation	₩	38,479	26,733	\$ 30,599
of securities, net of tax	-	(29,505)	11,746	 (23,463)
Balance at end of period (note 23)	₩	8,974	38,479	\$ 7,136

## (b) Held-to-maturity Securities

Held-to-maturity securities as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		Korean (millic	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)	
		2008	2007	2008
Current assets:				
Corporate debt securities	₩	159,445	-	\$ 126,795
Non-current assets:				
Corporate debt securities (note 12)		1,000		795
Total	₩	160,445		\$ 127,590

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

- (c) Equity method accounted investments
  - (i) Investments in subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

				2008				
			_	Korean Won (millions)				
Affiliate	Owned shares	Percentage of ownership		Cost	Net asset value	Balance at December 31, 2008		
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd.	900,000	25.00%	₩	4,500	143,441	143,441		
Daehong Communications Co.,Ltd.	12,000	30.00%		6,277	60,920	60,921		
Lotte.Com Inc.	1,600,000	34.39%		8,000	10,284	10,316		
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.	4,020,222	95.71%		19,942	10,111	10,111		
Foodstar Inc. (*3)	5,582,896	39.76%		33,995	-	-		
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd. (*2)	51,475,843	79.01%		257,379	445,647	471,005		
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.	69,995,159	92.54%		432,907	854,187	863,303		
Lotte Capital Co., Ltd.	6,731,600	20.22%		70,573	56,898	56,898		
FRL Korea Co., Ltd. Woori Home Shopping &	2,352,000	49.00%		11,760	17,127	17,127		
Television Co., Ltd.	4,242,796	53.03%		466,708	97,484	407,415		
Lakepark Co, Ltd.	860,400	23.90%		4,302	3,727	3,727		
KTB Media Investment Union Isu Entertainment Investment	15	30.00%		1,500	932	932		
Union Lotte Engineering & Machinery	30	37.50%		3,000	1,882	1,882		
Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (*1)	393,283	13.71%		2,069	3,179	3,179		
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd. (*1)	74,561	9.39%		7,687	23,091	42,578		
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd. (*1)	48,391	5.08%		23,038	28,941	32,859		
Lotteria Co., Ltd. (*1)	74,000	19.94%		39,719	54,631	59,562		
Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co., Ltd.	-	80.00%		11,442	3,498	3,498		
Lotte Asset Development Co., Ltd.	6,060,023	29.85%		31,700	30,486	30,486		
Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd. (*1) Qingdao Lottemart Commercial	66,308	4.64%		4,000	5,026	4,110		
Co., Ltd.	-	100.00%		33,219	46,632	46,632		
D-Cinema of Korea Co., Ltd.	300,000	50.00%		1,500	798	798		
Lotte Mart Co., Ltd.	-	100.00%		183,033	67,076	185,903		
Lotte Europe Holdings B.V. Intime Lotte Department Store Co.,	97,584	29.93%		78,766	71,487	68,707		
Ltd.	-	50.00%		10,339	3,980	3,980		
Lottecinema Vietnam Co., Ltd.	-	90.00%		3,629	1,210	3,620		
Zara Retail Korea Co., Ltd. Shenyang Lottemart Commercial	162,600	20.00%		8,130	8,133	8,133		
Co., Ltd. Lotte Shopping	-	100.00%		2,107	2,495	2,495		
Holdings(Hongkong), Ltd. Lotte Shopping	180,000	100.00%		259	259	259		
Holdings(Singapore), Ltd.	70,667,029	100.00%		98,449	96,207	96,207		
PT Makro Indonesia	2,622,812	55.00%	-	219,737	41,864	214,863		
Total			₩	2,079,666	2,191,633	2,854,947		

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

#### December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

#### (c) Equity method accounted investments, Continued

				2007		
				Ko	is)	
Affiliate	Owned shares	Percentage of ownership		Cost	Net asset value	Balance at December 31, 2007
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd.	900,000	25.00%	₩	4,500	126,488	126,488
Daehong Communications Co.,	40.000	00.000/		0.000	50.000	50.000
Ltd.	12,006	30.02%		6,280	58,389	58,390
Lotte.Com Inc.	1,600,000	34.39%		8,000	8,121	8,153
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.	3,920,222	93.33%		19,601	13,143	13,143
Foodstar Inc.	5,582,896	39.76%		33,994	4,523	4,523
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd. (*2)	51,475,843	79.01%		257,379	419,703	451,816
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.	69,995,159	92.54%		432,907	729,682	740,530
Lotte Capital Co., Ltd.	6,434,128	20.55%		67,573	44,926	44,926
FRL Korea Co., Ltd.	2,352,000	49.00%		11,760	13,165	13,165
Woori Home Shopping &						
Television Co., Ltd.	4,046,796	50.58%		445,148	76,827	425,800
Lakepark Co., Ltd.	621,400	23.90%		3,107	2,714	2,714
Nexus Media Contents						
Investment Union	20	20.00%		2,000	948	948
KTB Media Investment Union	15	30.00%		1,500	960	960
Isu Entertainment Investment						
Union	30	37.50%		3,000	2,028	2,028
Lotte RUS Ltd. (*1)	64,457	17.69%		13,154	12,585	13,497
Lotte Engineering & Machinery						
Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (*1)	393,283	13.71%		2,069	13,744	13,745
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd. (*1)	53,393	8.77%		1,981	22,816	42,303
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd. (*1)	48,391	5.08%		23,038	29,321	34,218
Lotteria Co., Ltd. (*1)	74,000	19.94%		39,719	49,874	56,449
Lotteshopping RUS	-	100.00%		22,394	14,818	14,818
Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co.,						
Ltd.	-	85.96%		8,641	6,360	6,360
Lotte Asset Development Co.,						
Ltd.	3,600,000	60.00%		18,000	17,856	17,856
Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd. (*1)	66,308	4.64%		4,000	4,987	4,071
Total			₩	1,429,745	1,673,978	2,096,901

- (\*1) The equity interest in Lotte Engineering & Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Lotte RUS Co., Ltd., Lotte Trading Co., Ltd., Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd., Lotteria Co., Ltd. and Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd. is under 20%; however, as the Company is able to exercise significant influence over their operations, the Company applies the equity method of accounting to these investments.
- (\*2) The quoted market value of Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd., based on the closing price at the Korea Stock Exchange, are \#326,872 million and \#640,874 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.
- (\*3) The Company did not recognize further losses, since the Company's share of losses in Foodstar Inc. exceeded its interest.

## Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

## (c) Equity method accounted investments, Continued

(ii) Changes in the difference between the acquisition cost and the Company's share of the investee's identifiable net assets for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		2008							
	_	Korean Won (millions)							
Affiliate		Beginning balance	Increase (Decrease)	Amortization	Balance at December 31, 2008				
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.	₩	33,606	-	(6,725)	26,881				
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.		10,245	-	(1,731)	8,514				
Woori Home Shopping &									
Television Co., Ltd.		348,964	-	(39,042)	309,922				
Lotte RUS Ltd.		913	(830)	(83)	-				
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.		19,487	-	-	19,487				
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd.		4,897	-	(979)	3,918				
Lotteria Co., Ltd.		6,574	-	(1,644)	4,930				
Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd.		(917)	-	-	(917)				
Lotte Mart Co., Ltd. Lottecinema Vietnam Co.,		-	126,189	(7,361)	118,828				
Ltd.		-	2,537	(127)	2,410				
PT Makro Indonesia	_		175,087	(2,087)	173,000				
Total	₩_	423,769	302,983	(59,779)	666,973				

		2007							
		Korean Won (millions)							
Affiliate		Beginning balance	Increase (Decrease)	Amortization	Balance at December 31, 2007				
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.	₩	40,331	-	(6,725)	33,606				
Lotte Card Co., Ltd. Woori Home Shopping &		11,976	-	(1,731)	10,245				
Television Co., Ltd.		-	388,006	(39,042)	348,964				
Lotte RUS Ltd.		1,078	-	(165)	913				
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.		13,319	6,206	(38)	19,487				
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd.		5,877	-	(980)	4,897				
Lotteria Co., Ltd.		8,218	-	(1,644)	6,574				
Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd.	_	-	(1,001)	84	(917)				
Total	₩_	80,799	393,211	(50,241)	423,769				

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

# (c) Equity method accounted investments, Continued

(iii) Eliminated net unrealized losses (gains) from intercompany transactions as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	_	2008						
			Korean Won (million	s)				
Affiliate		Allowance for doubtful accounts	Investment assets	Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets				
Daehong Communications								
Co., Ltd.	₩	1	-	-				
Lotte.Com Inc.		31	-	-				
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.		1	-	-				
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.		67	-	(1,590)				
Lotte Card Co., Ltd. Woori Home Shopping &		603	-	-				
Television Co., Ltd.		9	-	-				
Lotte Europe Holdings B.V.			(2,781)					
Total	₩_	712	(2,781)	(1,590)				

		2007							
			s)						
Affiliate		Allowance for doubtful accounts	Investment assets	Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets					
Daehong Communications Co., Ltd.	₩	1	_	_					
Lotte.Com Inc.	~~	31	-	-					
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.		1	-	-					
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.		67	-	(1,558)					
Lotte Card Co., Ltd. Woori Home Shopping &		603	-	<u>-</u>					
Television Co., Ltd.	_	9	<u> </u>						
Total	₩_	712		(1,558)					

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

## (c) Equity method accounted investments, Continued

(iv) Details of changes in investments in subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

					2008		
				Korean Won (millions)			
	Deveenter			Net	Adjustment to		Delever
Affiliate	Percentag e of ownership	_	Beginning balance	Net income (loss)	Other comprehensive income(loss)	Other (*1)	Balance at December 31, 2008
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd.	25.00%	₩	126,488	17,094	1,209	(1,350)	143,441
Daehong Communications Co., Ltd.	30.00%		58,390	6,265	(3,706)	(28)	60,921
Lotte.Com Inc.	34.39%		8,153	1,556	607	-	10,316
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.	95.71%		13,143	(2,178)	(1,155)	301	10,111
Foodstar Inc.	39.76%		4,523	(4,647)	124	-	-
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.	79.01%		451,816	31,783	(12,594)	-	471,005
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.	92.54%		740,530	125,160	(2,387)	-	863,303
Lotte Capital Co., Ltd.	20.22%		44,926	10,960	(429)	1,441	56,898
FRL Korea Co., Ltd. Woori Home Shopping & Television Co.,	49.00%		13,165	3,914	48	-	17,127
Ltd.	53.03%		425,800	(17,664)	243	(964)	407,415
Lakepark Co., Ltd.	23.90%		2,714	(176)	(6)	1,195	3,727
Nexus Media Contents Investment Union	20.00%		948	(448)	-	(500)	-
KTB Media Investment Union	30.00%		960	(28)	-	-	932
Isu Entertainment Investment Union	37.50%		2,028	(146)	-	-	1,882
Lotte RUS Ltd. (*2)	17.69%		13,497	1,608	491	(15,596)	-
Lotte Engineering & Machinery							
Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	13.71%		13,745	(10,450)	(116)	-	3,179
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.	9.39%		42,303	(5,291)	(141)	5,707	42,578
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd.	5.08%		34,218	(62)	(1,297)	-	32,859
Lotteria Co., Ltd.	19.94%		56,449	4,563	(1,450)	-	59,562
Lotteshopping RUS (*2)	100.00%		14,818	(7,107)	(882)	(6,829)	-
Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co., Ltd.	80.00%		6,360	(7,573)	1,910	2,801	3,498
Lotte Asset Development Co., Ltd.	29.85%		17,856	(794)	46	13,378	30,486
Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd.	4.64%		4,071	129	(56)	(34)	4,110
Qingdao Lottemart Commercial Co., Ltd.	100.00%		-	(1,692)	15,104	33,220	46,632
D-Cinema of Korea Co., Ltd.	50.00%		-	(702)	-	1,500	798
Lotte Mart Co., Ltd.	100.00%		-	(12,483)	15,353	183,033	185,903
Lotte Europe Holdings B.V. (*2)	29.93%		-	(28,732)	7,569	89,870	68,707
Intime Lotte Department Store Co., Ltd.	50.00%		-	(8,617)	2,257	10,340	3,980
Lottecinema Vietnam Co., Ltd.	90.00%		-	(240)	231	3,629	3,620
Zara Retail Korea Co., Ltd. Shenyang Lottemart Commercial Co.,	20.00%		-	119	(115)	8,129	8,133
Ltd.	100.00%		-	(148)	536	2,107	2,495
Lotte Shopping Holdings(Hongkong), Ltd.	100.00%		-	-	-	259	259
Lotte Shopping Holdings(Singapore), Ltd.	100.00%		-	(802)	(1,440)	98,449	96,207
PT Makro Indonesia	55.00%		-	(1,705)	(3,168)	219,736	214,863
Total		₩	2,096,901	91,466	16,786	649,794	2,854,947

## Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

#### (c) Equity method accounted investments, Continued

- (\*1) Include dividends from equity method accounted investments, acquisitions, reclassification from available-for-sale securities to equity method investments, and reclassification from other investment assets.
- (\*2) As of May 30, 2008, the Company received Lotte Europe Holdings B.V. stocks through an in-kind exchange of Lotte RUS Ltd. and Lotteshopping RUS stocks. As a result, the Company recorded gain on disposition of equity method investment securities of W9,292 million.

	2007								
			Korean Won (millions)						
		-			Adjustment to				
Affiliate	Percentage of ownership	-	Beginning balance	Net income (loss)	Other comprehensive income(loss)	Other	Balance at December 31, 2007		
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd. Daehong Communications Co.,	25.00%	₩	110,429	16,956	3	(900)	126,488		
Ltd.	30.02%		49,909	3,910	4,574	(3)	58,390		
Lotte.Com Inc.	34.39%		5,400	2,753	-	-	8,153		
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.	93.33%		7,120	6,023	-	-	13,143		
Foodstar Inc.	39.76%		9,438	(4,926)	11	-	4,523		
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.	79.01%		337,390	114,151	275	-	451,816		
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.	92.54%		696,168	49,385	(5,023)	-	740,530		
Lotte Capital Co., Ltd.	20.55%		34,325	10,527	74	-	44,926		
FRL Korea Co., Ltd.	49.00%		5,333	1,984	(32)	5,880	13,165		
Woori Home Shopping &					. ,				
Television Co., Ltd.	50.58%		-	(19,135)	(213)	445,148	425,800		
Lakepark Co., Ltd.	23.90%		1,893	(368)	(6)	1,195	2,714		
Nexus Media Contents									
Investment Union	20.00%		1,856	(908)	-	-	948		
KTB Media Investment Union Isu Entertainment Investment	30.00%		1,160	(200)	-	-	960		
Union	37.50%		2,903	(875)	-	-	2,028		
Lotte RUS Ltd.	17.69%		11,556	1,035	906	-	13,497		
Lotte Engineering & Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	13.71%		11,241	2,497	7	-	13,745		
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.	8.77%		43,777	(1,484)	10	-	42,303		
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd.	5.08%		33,200	1,057	(39)	-	34,218		
Lotteria Co., Ltd.	19.94%		52,321	1,897	2,231	-	56,449		
Lotteshopping RUS Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co.,	100.00%		-	(8,458)	882	22,394	14,818		
Ltd. Lotte Asset Development Co.,	85.96%		-	(2,248)	(33)	8,641	6,360		
Ltd.	60.00%		-	(144)	-	18,000	17,856		
Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd.	4.64%	-	-	71		4,000	4,071		
Total		₩	1,415,419	173,500	3,627	504,355	2,096,901		

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (6) Investment in Securities, Continued

#### (c) Equity method accounted investments, Continued

(v) Summarized financial information of equity-accounted investments as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 is as follows:

		Korean Won (millions)			
Affiliate		Total assets	Total liabilities	Sales	Net income (loss)
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd.	₩	790,935	217,171	645,092	68,377
Daehong Communications Co., Ltd.		285,995	120,497	174,391	13,018
Lotte.Com Inc.		75,447	45,548	80,593	6,264
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.		48,914	38,350	55,112	(2,323)
Foodstar Inc.		57,487	71,337	71,211	(25,510)
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.		720,280	156,265	344,827	48,774
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.		3,731,241	2,808,146	999,870	137,120
Lotte Capital Co., Ltd.		2,485,720	2,204,276	363,190	53,344
FRL Korea Co., Ltd.		55,452	20,498	94,376	8,085
Woori Home Shopping & Television Co.,		, -	-,	- ,	-,
Ltd.		305,337	121,526	306,650	41,476
Lakepark Co., Ltd.		60,245	44,652	57,840	(738)
KTB Media Investment Union		3,271	166	28	(94)
Isu Entertainment Investment Union		5,018	-	305	(390)
Lotte Engineering & Machinery					<i>.</i>
Manufacturing Co., Ltd.		456,884	432,901	549,550	(72,483)
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.		943,382	649,470	928,028	(36,539)
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd.		967,709	422,963	661,976	(507)
Lotteria Co., Ltd.		337,653	141,870	298,221	11,890
Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co., Ltd.		134,331	124,732	1,343	(6,221)
Lotte Asset Development Co., Ltd.		112,744	10,610	3,556	(2,199)
Lotte Logistics Co., Ltd.		212,533	99,907	556,792	6,350
Qingdao Lottemart Commercial Co., Ltd.		69,190	22,558	-	(1,692)
D-Cinema of Korea Co., Ltd.		1,769	172	-	(1,404)
Lotte Mart Co., Ltd.		119,807	52,730	139,648	(5,122)
Lotte Europe Holdings B.V.		603,508	367,198	40,600	(67,382)
Intime Lotte Department Store Co., Ltd.		48,499	40,540	15,096	(17,233)
Lottecinema Vietnam Co., Ltd.		7,666	6,322	628	(126)
Zara Retail Korea Co., Ltd.		49,525	8,859	28,799	652
Shenyang Lottemart Commercial Co., Ltd.		2,497	2	-	(147)
Lotte Shopping Holdings(Hongkong), Ltd.		259	-	-	-
Lotte Shopping Holdings(Singapore),		104,935			(07)
Ltd. DT Makra Indonasia			-	-	(27)
PT Makro Indonesia	-	147,807	73,479	94,983	697
Total	₩_	12,946,040	8,302,745	6,512,705	155,910

The Company used unaudited financial statements as of December 31, 2008 of the companies when applying the equity method of accounting.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (7) Other Current Assets

Other current assets as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		Korean Won (millions)			U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
	_	2008	2007		2008
Accrued interest income Available-for-sale securities (note 6)	₩	4,608 2	12,721 32	\$	3,664 2
Short-term loans		33,722	396		26,816
Prepaid expenses	_	12,565	11,757		9,994
Total	₩_	50,897	24,906	\$	40,476

#### (8) Joint Venture Investments

Details of joint venture investments as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Joint venture investment	Ownership	Equity holder	Principal business
Intime Lotte Department Store Co., Ltd.	50.00%	Zhejiang Intime Department Store Co., Ltd.	Department stores
D-Cinema of Korea Co., Ltd.	50.00%	CJ CGV Co., Ltd.	Cineprojector rental service
Kookge Building	6.00%	Honam Petro Chemical and others	Building leasing services
Busan Underground Shopping Center	45.00%	Hotel Lotte Co., Ltd.	Building leasing services

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (9) Transactions and Balances with Related Companies

(a) Details of investor and subsidiary relationships with the Company as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Investor company	Ownership (%)	Control relationship (*1)
		( )
Hotel Lotte Co., Ltd.	9.29%	Affiliate of Lotte group
Korea Fuji Film Co., Ltd.	8.52%	Affiliate of Lotte group
Lotte Confectionery Co., Ltd.	8.52%	Affiliate of Lotte group
Lotte Data Communication Company	5.22%	Affiliate of Lotte group
Lotte Chilsung Beverage Co., Ltd.	4.26%	Affiliate of Lotte group
Lotte Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd.	1.03%	Affiliate of Lotte group
Hotel Lotte Pusan Co., Ltd.	0.85%	Affiliate of Lotte group
<b>.</b>	Ownership	
Controlled subsidiary (*2)	(%)	Principal business
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.	79.01%	Department stores
Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd.	95.71%	Bakery
Lotte.Com Inc.	34.39%	Internet shopping
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.	92.54%	Credit card and lending
Woori Home Shopping & Television Co., Ltd.	53.03%	TV home shopping
Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co., Ltd.	80.00%	Discount stores
Qingdao Lottemart Commercial Co., Ltd.	100.00%	Discount stores
Lotte Mart Co.,Ltd	100.00%	Discount stores
Lottecinema Vietnam Co., Ltd.	90.00%	Cinema
Shenyang Lottemart Commercial Co., Ltd.	100.00%	Discount stores
Lotte Shopping Holdings(Hongkong), Ltd.	100.00%	Holding company
Lotte Shopping Holdings(Singapore), Ltd.	100.00%	Holding company
PT Makro Indonesia	55.00%	Discount stores

(\*1) Lotte Group represents a group of entities as defined and restricted by the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act in Korea.

(\*2) Controlled subsidiaries represent majority-owned entities by the Company or a controlled subsidiary and other entities where the Company or its controlled subsidiary, collectively or individually, owns more than 30% of total outstanding common stock and is the largest shareholder.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (9) Transactions and Balances with Related Companies, Continued

(b) Significant transactions which occurred in the normal course of business with related companies for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		2008							
		Korean Won (millions)							
		Revenue	E>	pense and purchase					
Related company		Sales and non-operating income	Purchase of goods	Fees and commissions	Other				
Hotel Lotte Co., Ltd.	₩	25,851	537	58,508	4,867				
Lotte Confectionery Co., Ltd. Lotte Data Communication		22,578	48,197	16,712	1				
Company		2,289	1,182	37,556	34,209				
Lotte Chilsung Beverage Co., Ltd. Lotte Engineering & Construction		10,486	28,499	2,096	127				
Co., Ltd.		2,886	126,529	67	368,745				
Hotel Lotte Pusan Co., Ltd.		5,145	359	16,152	21,054				
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd. (*)		7,614	8	7,216	-				
Lotte.Com Inc.		183	1,286	32,451	647				
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.		2,680	29	118,277	336				
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd. (*)		15,204	16	6,437	10				
Daehong Communications Co., Ltd.		8,889	5,042	29,604	90				
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd. Lotte Engineering & Machinery		1,188	1,072	15,676	20,092				
Manufacturing Co., Ltd.		346	4,579	432	15,153				
Lotteria Co., Ltd.		5,999	2	27	-				
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.		4,428	156,017	27,163	565				
Lotte Samkang Co., Ltd.		5,790	8,125	1,959	9				
Lotte Ham Co., Ltd.		4,880	33,627	69	3				
Others		24,431	78,622	59,365	14,601				
Total	₩	150,867	493,728	429,767	480,509				

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

# December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (9) Transactions and Balances with Related Companies, Continued

			200					
		Korean Won (millions)						
		Revenue	E	pense and purchase				
Related company		Sales and non-operating income	Purchases of goods	Fees and commissions	Other			
Hotel Lotte Co., Ltd.	₩	14,773	3,243	58,872	1,419			
Lotte Confectionery Co., Ltd. Lotte Data Communication		26,813	54,418	364	-			
Company		995	13,138	34,170	21,492			
Lotte Chilsung Beverage Co., Ltd.		11,741	26,210	286	178			
Lotte Engineering & Construction Co., Ltd.		2,265	56	526	415,956			
Hotel Lotte Pusan Co., Ltd.		5,187	75	14,296	-			
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd. (*)		7,197	2	7,206	-			
Lotte.Com Inc.		211	271	27,898	771			
Lotte Card Co., Ltd.		2,096	4,979	101,711	-			
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd. (*)		5,538	1,439	19,362	15			
Daehong Communications Co., Ltd.		14,817	12	6,338	65			
Lotte Aluminium Co., Ltd. Lotte Engineering & Machinery		1,202	13,674	11,259	8,619			
Manufacturing Co., Ltd.		245	3,670	647	4,748			
Lotteria Co., Ltd.		5,348	5	69	-			
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.		2,788	143,420	561	1,043			
Lotte Samkang Co., Ltd.		5,173	6,516	1,580	-			
Lotte Ham Co., Ltd.		4,220	30,470	23	-			
Others		18,820	51,803	42,624	815			
Total	₩	129,429	353,401	327,792	455,121			

(\*) The Company has entered into contracts with Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd. and Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd., to provide management services. The Company receives an annual management fee equal to 10 percent of ordinary income before depreciation expense of the respective companies.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (9) Transactions and Balances with Related Companies, Continued

(c) Account balances with related companies as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

				20	008					
		Korean Won (millions)								
			Receivables			Payables				
Related company		Trade accounts receivable	Other accounts receivable	Other	Trade accounts payable	Other accounts payable	Other			
Hotel Lotte Co., Ltd. Lotte Confectionery Co.,	₩	162	525	22,217	1	1,100	9,104			
Ltd. Lotte Data Communication		1,318	463	-	9,309	66	592			
Company Lotte Chilsung Beverage		42	1,387	1,064	-	4,671	1,860			
Co., Ltd. Lotte Engineering &		19	430	-	2,438	29	1			
Construction Co., Ltd.		-	393	644	-	89,846	26			
Hotel Lotte Pusan Co., Ltd.		3	300	220	4	423	75			
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.		6,550	1,558	38,674	-	1,835	39			
Lotte Card Co., Ltd. Daehong Communications		50,346	677	-	-	100	6,65			
Co., Ltd. Lotte Station Building Co.,		743	263	-	-	9,325	2,77			
Ltd.		12,325	3,128	9,889	-	4,457	27			
Lotteria Co., Ltd.		750	16	-	426	757	5,51			
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.		137	196	-	5,251	1,709	11			
Lotte Ham Co., Ltd.		8	180	-	2,812	46				
Others		14,924	2,668	1,396	6,415	18,820	14,21			
Total	₩	87,327	12,184	74,104	26,656	133,184	42,53			

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

# December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (9) <u>Transactions and Balances with Related Companies, Continued</u>

				20	07				
				Korean Wo	on (millions)	)			
			Receivables			Payables			
Related company	_	Trade accounts receivable	Other accounts receivable	Other	Trade accounts payable	Other accounts payable	Other		
Hotel Lotte Co., Ltd. Lotte Confectionery	₩	159	1,965	23,953	-	1,664	9,548		
Co., Ltd. Lotte Data		1,302	706	-	9,239	127	415		
Communication Company Lotte Chilsung Beverage		-	204	-	4	7,276	1,804		
Co., Ltd. Lotte Engineering &		2,204	319	-	2,696	107	4		
Construction Co., Ltd.		27	475	410	-	76,772	20		
Hotel Lotte Pusan Co., Ltd.		95	66	300	16	422	956		
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.		6,180	1,375	19,673	-	2,179	1		
Lotte Card Co., Ltd. Daehong Communications		63,979	1,206	-	-	59,293	6,455		
Co., Ltd. Lotte Station Building Co.,		298	221	-	-	207	14,752		
Ltd.		12,097	4,743	9,889	-	4,681	276		
Lotteria Co., Ltd.		712	33	-	-	769	6,214		
Lotte Trading Co., Ltd.		28	326	594	6,925	2,706	226		
Lotte Ham Co., Ltd.		242	214	-	2,076	86	-		
Others		11,402	3,736	1,314	6,241	14,956	7,485		
Total	₩	98,725	15,589	56,133	27,197	171,245	48,156		

(d) Salaries and provision for retirement and severance benefits of the directors for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are W26,965 million and W17,259 million, respectively.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (9) Transactions and Balances with Related Companies, Continued

(e) The Company has provided guarantees for related companies as of December 31, 2008 as follows:

		2	008
		Type of	Guaranteed
Related company	Guarantee recipient	borrowings	Amount (thousand)
Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co., Ltd.	Citibank N.A. Hochiminh	Working capital	US\$60,000 and interest thereon
Lotte Vietnam Shopping Co., Ltd.	Korea Exchange Bank (Vietnam)	Working capital	US\$7,500
Qingdao Lottemart Commercial Co., Ltd.	Hana Bank (China) Co., Ltd.	Working capital	RMB150,000
Lotte Cinema Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Export-Import Bank of Korea	Working capital	US\$4,000 and interest thereon

The fulfillment of the VPF contract between D-Cinema of Korea Co., Ltd. and Twentieth Century Fox Film Corporation is equally guaranteed by CGV and the Company at October 2008.

#### (10) Property, Plant and Equipment

- (a) The Company revalued its land and buildings in 1998 under the then Korean Assets Revaluation Law. As a result, the Company recorded a revaluation surplus of ₩1,028,713 million, net of asset revaluation tax, in other capital surplus.
- (b) Changes in property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		2008									
			Korean Won (millions)								
	-	Book value as of January 1, 2008	Acquisitions	Disposals	Depreciation	Transfers	Book value as of December 31, 2008				
Land	₩	2,923,107	17,961	(70,058)	-	154,710	3,025,720				
Buildings		2,762,232	24,060	(117,200)	(137,107)	289,895	2,821,880				
Structures		145,500	1,806	(3,765)	(6,736)	49,092	185,897				
Machinery		24,922	149	(12)	(5,807)	4,551	23,803				
Vehicles		709	516	(2)	(486)	21	758				
Furniture and equipment		17,124	6,402	(392)	(13,498)	10,364	20,000				
Other Construction-		221,386	87,650	(1,594)	(174,222)	142,593	275,813				
in-progress	-	645,896	750,322			(689,108)	707,110				
Total	₩_	6,740,876	888,866	(193,023)	(337,856)	(37,882)	7,060,981				

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

# December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (10) Property, Plant and Equipment, Continued

		2007									
	-	Korean Won (millions)									
	-	Book value as of January 1, 2007	Acquisitions	Disposals	Depreciation	Transfers	Book value as of December 31, 2007				
Land	₩	2,673,274	99,723	(122)	-	150,232	2,923,107				
Buildings		2,480,615	29,465	(15,023)	(126,432)	393,607	2,762,232				
Structures		117,616	1,843	(1,578)	(5,753)	33,372	145,500				
Machinery		13,020	2,040	(1)	(4,900)	14,763	24,922				
Vehicles Furniture and		512	730	(4)	(529)	-	709				
equipment		11,556	8,516	(7)	(12,254)	9,313	17,124				
Other Construction-		195,980	106,335	(4,591)	(155,160)	78,822	221,386				
in-progress	-	618,535	753,469			(726,108)	645,896				
Total	₩_	6,111,108	1,002,121	(21,326)	(305,028)	(45,999)	6,740,876				

(c) The officially declared value and book value of land as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

		Korean Wor	(millions)
		200	8
		Book value	Declared value
Land W		3,025,720	4,666,724

The officially declared value, which is used for government purposes, is not intended to represent fair value.

(d) The Company has pledged certain property, plant and equipment as collateral for an amount equal to 130% of lease deposits, amounted to W67,244 million, received from Woori Bank, Shinhan Bank and other.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (10) Property, Plant and Equipment, Continued

(e) Details of coverage under major insurance policies carried by the Company as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		_	Korean (millio	ons)	-	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) Amount
		_	Amount c	overed	_	covered
Type of insurance	Covered assets		2008	2007	_	2008
Theft insurance	Cash	₩	41,570	39,722	\$	33,057
Fire insurance	Merchandise, buildings and tools		6,343,132	5,214,226		5,044,240
Engine and machinery insurance	Machinery and equipment		137,755	87,610		109,547
Business liability insurance	Facilities and products		478,632	421,644		380,622
Directors & officers liability insurance	-		70,000	50,000		55,666
Others	Other utilities	_	39,934	29,610		31,757
Total		₩_	7,111,023	5,842,812	\$	5,654,889

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (11) Intangible Assets

Changes in intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

			2008							
			Korean Won (millions)							
		Book value as of January 1, 2008	Acquisition	Amortization	Others	Book value as of December 31, 2008				
Goodwill	₩	31,217	2,037	(4,314)	6,813	35,753				
Industrial property rights		446	160	(168)	10	448				
Rights to use water supply facility		3,489	-	(518)	874	3,845				
Rights to use electricity supply facility		3,386	-	(503)	430	3,313				
Rights to use gas supply facility		2,268	-	(208)	(852)	1,208				
Rights to use facility		59,876	-	(3,655)	22,302	78,523				
License		6,309	-	(899)	-	5,410				
Copyrights		3,800	16,076	(17,764)	-	2,112				
Software		1,733		(815)		918				
Total	₩	112,524	18,273	(28,844)	29,577	131,530				

			2007								
			Korean Won (millions)								
		Book value as of January 1, 2007	Acquisition	Amortization	Others	Book value as of December 31, 2007					
Goodwill	₩	13,145	20,760	(2,688)	-	31,217					
Industrial property rights		245	335	(136)	2	446					
Rights to use water supply facility		3,139	-	(446)	796	3,489					
Rights to use electricity supply facility		2,852	-	(430)	964	3,386					
Rights to use gas supply facility		1,438	-	(215)	1,045	2,268					
Rights to use facility		9,277	-	(3,565)	54,164	59,876					
License		1,499	5,645	(900)	65	6,309					
Copyrights		1,514	20,391	(18,105)	-	3,800					
Software		2,483	115	(865)		1,733					
Total	₩	35,592	47,246	(27,350)	57,036	112,524					

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (12) Other Investment Assets

Other assets as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		Korean (millio	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)		
		2008	2007	-	2008
Long-term deposits (note 4) Long-term loans	₩	12,531 26,963	31 8,245	\$	9,965 21,442
Long-term held-to-maturity securities (note 6(b)) Others		1,000	- -		795
Others		1,919	8,326	-	1,526
Total	₩	42,413	16,602	\$	33,728

### (13) Pledged Assets and Guarantees

(a) The following assets are pledged as collateral for the Company's contract performance as of December 31, 2008:

Assets		Korean Won (millions)	 U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)	Guarantee for
Short-term deposits	₩	12,208	\$ 9,708	Guarantee deposits for performance of contracts
Long-term deposits		12,531	9,965	Billing and settlement
Available-for-sale securities (note 6(a))		15,478	12,308	Guarantee deposits for performance of contracts
Total	₩	40,217	\$ 31,981	

(b) Guarantees provided by third parties for the Company as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Guarantor		Korean Won (millions)		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)	Guarantee for
Seoul Guarantee Insurance Company	₩_	135,073	\$_	107,414	Completion of construction

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (14) Assets and Liabilities Denominated in Foreign Currency

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		2008			200	2007		
		Foreign currency (thousands)	currency equivalent		Foreign currency (thousands)	Won equivalent (millions)		
Assets: Short-term deposits Other accounts	US\$	-	₩	-	7	7		
receivable Accrued interest income	US\$	120 233		157 293	-	-		
Short-term loans	US\$	25,000		31,438	-	-		
Other investment assets	US\$	1,500	· -	1,886				
Total	US\$	26,853	₩	33,774	7_	7		
Liabilities:								
Trade accounts	US\$	23	₩	29	640	600		
payable	EUR	343		609	23	32		
	YEN	-		-	6,556	55		
Other accounts payable	US\$	250		327	277	260		
	EUR	6		10	-	-		
Accrued expenses	US\$	-		-	330	309		
Debentures	US\$	400,000		503,000	-	-		
	YEN	29,000,000	· -	404,228				
Total	US\$	400,273	₩	503,356	1,247	1,169		
	EUR	349		619	23	32		
	YEN	29,000,000		404,228	6,556	55		

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (15) Short-Term Borrowings

Short-term borrowings as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

Lender	Purpose of borrowings	Annual interest rate (%)		Korear (millio 2008		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008
Korea Agro- Fisheries Trade Corporation	Working capital	4.00	₩	10,000	-	\$ 7,952
Woori Bank	Working capital	6.63~7.10		35,000	-	27,833
SK Securities Co., Ltd.	Working capital	6.38~6.90		175,000	-	139,165
Shinhan Bank and other	Working capital	7.48		1	1	11
Total			₩	220,001	1	\$ 174,951

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (16) <u>Debentures</u>

(a) Debentures as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

Description         Maturity         (%)         2008         2007         2008           Denominated in Won         41st placed         April 9, 2008 $5.00$ $\Psi$ -         200,000         \$         -           44th placed         May 3, 2008 $3.95$ -         250,000         -         -           45th placed         September 12, 2008 $4.71$ -         100,000         -         -           Denominated in foreign currency         46th placed         April 29, 2011         6M Libor+1.00         125,750         -         100,000         -           47th placed         May 29, 2011         6M Libor+1.20         250,900         -         199,523           48th placed         September 29, 2011         Libor+1.20         250,900         -         199,523           48th placed         September 29, 2011         Libor+1.60         153,328         -         121,931           49th placed         October 17, 2011         Libor+1.75         377,250         -         300,000           Subtotal         Less:         Discount on debentures issued         (8,227)         (442)         (6,543)           Total book value         Less:         Current portion of debentures, net			Interest rate		Korean (millior	-	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
41st placed       April 9, 2008 $5.00$ $\Psi$ - $200,000$ \$       -         44th placed       May 3, 2008 $3.95$ - $250,000$ -         45th placed       September 12, 2008 $4.71$ - $100,000$ -         Denominated in foreign currency       46th placed       April 29, 2011       6M Libor+1.00 flbor+1.20 $125,750$ - $100,000$ -         47th placed       May 29, 2011       6M Euro Yen Tibor+1.20 $250,900$ - $199,523$ 48th placed       September 29, 3M Euro Yen 2011       Libor+1.60 $153,328$ - $121,931$ 49th placed       October 17, 2011       3M USD Yen 2011 $377,250$ - $300,000$ Subtotal Less:       Discount on debentures issued       (8,227)       (442)       (6,543)         Total book value Less:       Current portion of debentures, net of discount       -       (549,558)       -         -       (549,558)       -       -       -       -       -	Description	Maturity	(%)		2008	2007	2008
44th placed       May 3, 2008       3.95       -       250,000       -         45th placed       September 12, 2008       4.71       -       100,000       -         Denominated in foreign currency       46th placed       April 29, 2011       6M Libor+1.00       125,750       -       100,000         47th placed       May 29, 2011       6M Libor+1.20       250,900       -       199,523         48th placed       September 29, 3M Euro Yen 2011       Libor+1.60       153,328       -       121,931         49th placed       October 17, 3M USD Yen 2011       Libor+1.75       377,250       -       300,000         Subtotal       Less:       Discount on debentures issued       (8,227)       (442)       (6,543)         Total book value       899,001       549,558       714,911       Less:       -       (549,558)       -	2011011110100						
45th placed       September 12, 2008       4.71       - 100,000       -         Denominated in foreign currency       46th placed       April 29, 2011       6M Libor+1.00 6M Euro Yen Tibor+1.20       125,750       - 100,000         47th placed       May 29, 2011       Tibor+1.20       250,900       - 199,523         48th placed       September 29, 3M Euro Yen 2011       Libor+1.60       153,328       - 121,931         49th placed       October 17, 3M USD Yen 2011       100,000       - 300,000         Subtotal       2011       Libor+1.75       377,250       - 300,000         Subtotal       907,228       550,000       721,454         Less:       Discount on debentures issued       (8,227)       (442)       (6,543)         Total book value       899,001       549,558       714,911         Less:       Current portion of debentures, net of discount       - (549,558)       -	•			₩	-	,	Б -
45th placed       2008       4.71       -       100,000       -         Denominated in foreign currency       46th placed       April 29, 2011       6M Libor+1.00       125,750       -       100,000         47th placed       May 29, 2011       6M Euro Yen       125,750       -       100,000         47th placed       May 29, 2011       Tibor+1.20       250,900       -       199,523         48th placed       September 29, 3M Euro Yen       153,328       -       121,931         49th placed       October 17, 3M USD Yen       153,7250       -       300,000         Subtotal	•	•			-	250,000	-
46th placed       April 29, 2011       6M Libor+1.00       125,750       -       100,000         47th placed       May 29, 2011       Tibor+1.20       250,900       -       199,523         48th placed       September 29, 2011       3M Euro Yen Libor+1.60       153,328       -       121,931         49th placed       October 17, 2011       3M USD Yen Libor+1.75       377,250       -       300,000         Subtotal	45th placed		4.71		-	100,000	-
47th placed       May 29, 2011       6M Euro Yen Tibor+1.20       250,900       -       199,523         48th placed       September 29, 2011       3M Euro Yen Libor+1.60       153,328       -       121,931         49th placed       October 17, 2011       3M USD Yen Libor+1.75       377,250       -       300,000         Subtotal Less:       0       907,228       550,000       721,454         Less:       0       (8,227)       (442)       (6,543)         Total book value Less:       Subtotal       899,001       549,558       714,911         Less:       Current portion of debentures, net of discount       -       (549,558)       -	Denominated in	n foreign currency					
47th placed       May 29, 2011       Tibor+1.20       250,900       -       199,523         48th placed       September 29, 3M Euro Yen 2011       Libor+1.60       153,328       -       121,931         49th placed       October 17, 3M USD Yen 2011       Libor+1.75       377,250       -       300,000         Subtotal       2011       Libor+1.75       377,250       -       300,000         Subtotal       907,228       550,000       721,454         Less:       0iscount on debentures issued       (8,227)       (442)       (6,543)         Total book value       899,001       549,558       714,911         Less:       Current portion of debentures, net of discount       -       (549,558)       -	46th placed	April 29, 2011			125,750	-	100,000
48th placed       September 29, 2011       3M Euro Yen Libor+1.60       153,328       -       121,931         49th placed       October 17, 2011       3M USD Yen Libor+1.75       377,250       -       300,000         Subtotal       Less:       907,228       550,000       721,454         Less:       Discount on debentures issued       (8,227)       (442)       (6,543)         Total book value       899,001       549,558       714,911         Less:       Current portion of debentures, net of discount       -       (549,558)       -	47th placed	May 29, 2011			250,900	-	199,523
49th placed       2011       Libor+1.75       377,250       -       300,000         Subtotal       907,228       550,000       721,454         Less:       Discount on debentures issued       (8,227)       (442)       (6,543)         Total book value       899,001       549,558       714,911         Less:       Current portion of debentures, net of discount       -       (549,558)       -	48th placed	2011	Libor+1.60		·	-	
Less: Discount on debentures issued(8,227)(442)(6,543)Total book value Less: Current portion of debentures, net of discount899,001549,558714,911	49th placed			_	377,250		300,000
Total book value899,001549,558714,911Less:Current portion of debentures, net of discount-(549,558)-					907,228	550,000	721,454
Less: Current portion of debentures, net of discount	Discount o	n debentures issued		_	(8,227)	(442)	(6,543)
net of discount (549,558)		le			899,001	549,558	714,911
₩ <u>899,001</u> <u>-</u> \$ <u>714,911</u>				-		(549,558)	
				₩_	899,001	{	5 714,911

(b) Aggregate maturities of debentures as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Period		Korean Won (millions)	_	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
2009.01.01~2009.12.31	₩	-	\$	-
2010.01.01~2010.12.31		-		-
2011.01.01~2011.12.31	_	907,228		721,454
	₩	907,228	\$	721,454

### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (17) <u>Leases</u>

- (a) The Company leases facilities including stores and distribution centers from third parties. Under the terms of the lease arrangements, the Company is required to make security deposits at the inception of the lease which are refundable at the end of the lease terms. Lease deposits made as of December 31, 2008 amounted to W631,761 million.
- (b) Future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Period	Kore	ean Won (millions)	U.S. dollars usands) (note 3)
2009.1.1~2009.12.31 2010.1.1~2013.12.31 2014 and thereafter	₩	88,353 322,657 530,356	\$ 70,261 256,586 421,754
Total	₩	941,366	\$ 748,601

(c) The Company leases some land and buildings of the Company to third parties. The Company received advance rental deposits of W244,808 million as of December 31, 2008 and rental income of W346,520 million and W312,654 million for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The majority of the leases are renewed annually.

### (18) Retirement and Severance Benefits

Changes in retirement and severance benefits for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		Korean Won (millions)			U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
		2008	2007		2008
Estimated retirement and severance benefits at beginning of period Provision for retirement and severance	₩	128,850	114,101	\$	102,465
benefits		55,642	38,045		44,248
Payments		(50,188)	(26,355)		(39,911)
Transfer of severance benefits from affiliated companies		3,375	3,059		2,684
Estimated retirement and severance benefits at end of period		137,679	128,850		109,486
Transfer to National Pension Fund		(48)	(53)		(38)
Deposit for severance benefit insurance	_	(90,128)	(85,532)		(71,673)
Net balance at end of period	₩	47,503	43,265	\$	37,775

### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

### December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (18) Retirement and Severance Benefits, Continued

The Company maintains severance benefit insurance arrangements with Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd., etc. Under the contracts, payments of the Company's retirement and severance benefit liability to employees are guaranteed to the extent of the aggregate deposit held by the insurance companies in trust. The aggregate deposit at the insurance companies is presented as a reduction of the retirement and severance benefits liability.

### (19) Accrual for Bonus Points Reward Program

The Company recognizes an accrual for bonus points reward program which provides free services and mileage for customers registered with and who make purchases with various Lotte Membership Cards. The accrual is based on the historical redemption experience of the points compared to the customers' purchases. Changes in the accrual for the reward program for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		Korean Wo	n (millions)		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
	_	2008	2007	_	2008
Beginning of year Provision Payment	₩	29,362 47,859 (46,413)	23,284 45,695 (39,617)	\$	23,350 38,059 (36,910)
End of year	₩	30,808	29,362	\$_	24,499

### (20) Derivative Instruments and Hedge Accounting

- (a) As described in note 6(a), the Company has a put option to sell stocks of Korea Express Co., Ltd. to Kumho rent-a-car Co., Ltd. Contract terms of the option are as follows:
  - Date of acquisition : 2008.3.14
  - Underlying instrument : 584,795 common shares of Korea Express Co., Ltd.
  - Exercise period : After 3 years of acquisition of stock
  - Strike price : Acquisition cost plus interest (6.5%)
- (b) Detail of foreign currency forwards outstanding as of December 31, 2008 was as follows.

Contract amount (thousands)	Forward rate	Maturity date	Bank
US\$1,000	₩1,277.8 / US\$1	2009.01.05	Hana Bank
US\$1,000	₩1,274.8 / US\$1	2009.01.05	
US\$1,000	₩1,276.8 / US\$1	2009.01.05	
US\$2,000	₩1,258.5 / US\$1	2009.01.05	

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

### December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (20) Derivative Instruments and Hedge Accounting, Continued

(c) The Company entered into currency and interest swap contracts with the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ and others to hedge the exposure to the changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates related to debentures (US\$400,000 thousand and JPY29,000,000 thousand). Contract terms of the currency and interest swap contracts are as follows:

Contract amount (thousands)	Foreign exchange rate	Variable interest rate	Fixed interest rate	Maturity date	Bank
US\$100,000	₩976.0 / US\$1	6M Libor+1.00%	3.98%	2011.4.29	BNP Paribas Bank and others
JPY18,000,000	₩10.0 / JPY1	6M Euro Yen Tibor+1.20%	5.13%	2011.5.29	The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ and others
JPY11,000,000	₩10.2 / JPY1	3M Euro Yen Libor+1.60%	6.05%	2011.9.29	Mizuho Bank
US\$300,000	₩1,113.0 /US\$1	3M USD Libor+1.75%	5.52%	2011.10.17	BNP Paribas Bank and others

(d) Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments for the year ended December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Type of derivatives	Description	Related accounts	_	Korean Won (millions)		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
Trade	Put option	Gain on valuation of derivative instruments	₩	1,538	\$	1,223
Trade	Currency forward	Loss on valuation of derivative instruments		(59)	-	(47)
Cash flow hedge	Currency and interest swap	Gain on valuation of derivative instruments		183,125		145,626
Cash flow hedge	Currency and interest swap	Unrealized loss on valuation of derivative instruments		(20,192)		(16,057)

### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

### December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (21) Capital Stock and Capital Surplus

- (a) Pursuant to its amended Articles of Incorporation, the Company's authorized capital stock is 60,000,000 shares, which consist of common shares and preferred shares each with a par value of ₩5,000 per share. The Company is authorized to issue non-voting preferred shares of up to one-fourth of the Company's total issued and outstanding capital stock. Holders of preferred shares may, upon a resolution of the board of directors at the time of the issuance of the preferred shares, be entitled to receive dividends prior to the holders of common shares. The preferred shares will be automatically converted to common shares within ten years of issuance as determined by the Company's board of directors. However, if the holders of preferred shares do not receive the minimum dividends as prescribed, the prescribed conversion date will be extended to the time when all such minimum dividend amount is paid to the holders of preferred shares. As of December 31, 2008, the Company has not issued any preferred stock and 29,043,374 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2008.
- (b) Capital surplus as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 consists of the following:

		Korean Wo	on (millions)		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
	_	2008	2007	_	2008
Paid-in capital in excess of par value Gain on capital reduction	₩	3,605,117 1,793	3,605,117 1,793	\$	2,866,892 1,426
Other capital surplus	_	1,043,985	1,045,213	_	830,207
	₩_	4,650,895	4,652,123	\$	3,698,525

### (i) Gain on capital reduction

The Company retired 745,470 shares of treasury stock (W1,934 million) in 1995, which were acquired in connection with the merger with Lotte Foods Co., Ltd. and ChungBon Industry Co., Ltd. on December 31, 1994. As a result, capital stock decreased by W3,727 million and a gain on capital reduction amounting to W1,793 million was recorded as a capital surplus.

### (ii) Gain on merger

In 1997, SongGok Trading Co., Ltd. was merged into the Company resulting in a gain on merger of W15,272 million which was recorded as a component of other capital surplus.

### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (21) Capital Stock and Capital Surplus, Continued

(iii) Asset revaluation

The Company revalued its property, plant and equipment on July 1, 1998 in accordance with the then Assets Revaluation Law. Details of the asset revaluation surplus included in stockholders' equity are as follows:

Date of revaluation		Total revaluation surplus	Revaluation tax	Transfer to capital	Others	Net revaluation surplus
July 1, 1998	₩	1,122,229	(19,030)	(73,500)	(986)	1,028,713

### (iv) Capital surplus on equity method

The ownership percentage of the Company in Lotte Boulangerie Co., Ltd. and Lotte.Com Inc., which are controlled subsidiaries of the Company, changed and the differences of W1,188 million between the additional acquisition cost and the change in the Company's share of net asset were recorded as capital surplus under the equity method.

Due to capital adjustments which result from the change of the ownership percentage of the Company in Woori Home Shopping & Television Co., Ltd., which is controlled subsidiary of the Company, capital surplus on equity method was offset and 0(zero) on December 31, 2008.

# (22) Capital Adjustments

The Company acquired additional 196 thousand shares of Woori Home Shopping & Television Co., Ltd., which is controlled subsidiary of the Company, on July 2008. As a result, the difference between the additional acquisition cost and the change in the Company's share of net asset amounted to W17,466 million. As discussed in note 21(b), after offset, the residual of W16,271 million was recorded as capital adjustments under the equity method.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (23) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Details of accumulated other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		Korean Wo	n (millions)	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
Account		2008	2007	2008
Unrealized gain on valuation of available-for- sale securities, net of tax effect of ₩(2,531) million in 2008 and ₩(14,595) million in 2007 Unrealized gain on investments under equity method, net of tax effect of ₩(13,378)	₩	8,974	38,479	\$ 7,136
million in 2008 and ₩(13,856) million in 2007 Unrealized loss on valuation of derivative		57,161	39,898	45,456
instruments, net of tax effect of <del>W</del> 5,695 million in 2008	_	(20,192)		(16,057)
	₩_	45,943	78,377	\$ 36,535

# (24) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		Korean Wo	n (millions)	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
Account		2008	2007	2008
Appropriated:				
Legal reserve	₩	25,333	21,703	\$ 20,145
Reserve for business rationalization		10,552	10,552	8,391
Reserve for corporate development		134,000	134,000	106,562
Reserve for improvement of financial structure		-	5	-
Discretionary reserve		3,069,500	2,419,500	2,440,954
		3,239,385	2,585,760	2,576,052
Unappropriated		765,493	712,598	608,742
	₩	4,004,878	3,298,358	\$ 3,184,794

### (a) Legal reserve

The Korean Commercial Code requires the Company to appropriate as legal reserve an amount equal to at least 10% of cash dividends for each accounting period until the reserve equals 50% of stated capital. This reserve is not available for cash dividends but may be used to reduce any deficit or be transferred to capital stock.

### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

### December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (24) <u>Retained Earnings, Continued</u>

### (b) Reserve for business rationalization

Under the Special Tax Treatment Control Law, investment tax credit was allowed for certain investments. The Company was, however, required to appropriate from retained earnings the amount of tax benefits obtained and transfer such amount into a reserve for business rationalization.

Effective December 11, 2002, the Company is no longer required to establish a reserve for business rationalization despite tax benefits received for certain investments and, consequently, the existing balance is now regarded as a discretionary reserve.

#### (c) Reserve for corporate development

Under Korean Corporation Tax Law, the Company was required to appropriate a reserve for corporate development. However, effective as of December 31, 2001, the Company is no longer required to establish such a reserve. This reserve is not available for payment of dividends; however, it may be used for a specific purpose upon approval by the shareholders or remain as a reserve.

### (25) Sale of Apartments

(a) Commitments for housing construction contracts with future home owners as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		Korean Wo	n (millions)	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
	_	2008	2007	2008
Beginning of year Increase Revenue recognized in	₩	80,778 2,141	107,080 725	\$ 64,237 1,702
current year	_	(47,750)	(27,027)	(37,972)
End of year	₩_	35,169	80,778	\$27,967

(b) Cumulative revenue and cost on lotting-out housing construction contracts as of December 31, 2008 are summarized as follows:

		Korean Wor	n (millions)		dollars s) (note 3)	
Project		Cumulative revenue	Cumulative cost		Cumulative revenue	Cumulative cost
Beome-dong project	₩	83,484	66,976	\$	66,389	53,261

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (26) Sales and Cost of Sales

Details of sales and cost of sales for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

Sales:	-	Korean Wor 2008	n (millions) 2007	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008
Sale of merchandise	₩	9,828,404	9,135,745 \$	7,815,828
Specific sales (*1)		525,082	405,537	417,560
Sale of finished goods		82,073	71,757	65,267
Sale of apartments		47,750	27,027	37,972
Ancillary property operation revenue (*2)		130,432	122,428	103,723
Other operating revenue Deduction:		516,630	473,496	410,840
Cost of specific sales		(415,737)	(317,005)	(330,606)
Sales discounts	_	(160,842)	(150,853)	(127,906)
	_	10,553,792	9,768,132	8,392,678
Cost of sales: Cost of merchandise sold:		070 400	000 704	770.000
Beginning inventory of merchandise Purchases of merchandise for the year		979,499	906,761	778,926
Transfer to other accounts		7,218,678 (8)	6,796,632	5,740,499
Ending inventory of merchandise		(1,004,912)	- (979,499)	(6) (799,134)
	-	7,193,257	6,723,894	5,720,285
Cost of finished goods sold:				
Beginning inventory of finished goods		3,974	1,867	3,161
Cost of finished goods for the year		42,082	42,286	33,465
Transfer to other accounts		(3,147)	(1,925)	(2,503)
Ending inventory of finished goods		(3,615)	(3,974)	(2,875)
	-	39,294	38,254	31,248
	-			
Cost of sales - apartments		38,308	21,683	30,463
Ancillary property operating cost		61,461	61,062	48,875
	-	99,769	82,745	79,338
	-	7,332,320	6,844,893	5,830,871
Gross profit	₩.	3,221,472	2,923,239 \$	2,561,807

(\*1) As described in note 1(c), specific sales are recognized on a net basis for merchandise that may be returned to vendors at any time.

(\*2) Ancillary property operation revenue consists of box office and joint venture revenue.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (27) Selling and Administrative Expenses

Details of selling and administrative for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		Korean V 2008		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3) 2008	
Salaries	₩	463,973	417,824	\$	368,964
Accrual for retirement and severance		400,070	417,024	Ψ	500,504
benefits		55,486	37,794		44,124
Other employee benefits		72,304	66,002		57,498
Education and training		6,484	5,282		5,156
Travel		13,128	11,945		10,440
Service contract expense		335,026	281,015		266,423
Advertising		139,782	134,918		111,159
Sales promotion and commissions		256,536	232,597		204,005
Supplies		31,783	29,958		25,275
Communications		8,880	8,068		7,062
Utilities		120,977	111,692		96,204
Maintenance		16,189	19,326		12,874
Commissions and fees		294,521	253,571		234,211
Insurance		5,600	5,747		4,454
Transportation		3,684	2,670		2,930
Depreciation		335,191	301,923		266,553
Amortization of intangible assets		11,080	9,245		8,811
Taxes and dues		108,364	93,591		86,174
Rent		135,992	109,322		108,145
Others		37,503	34,078		29,822
	₩	2,452,483	2,166,568	\$	1,950,284

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (28) Income Taxes

(a) The Company was subject to income taxes on taxable income at the following normal tax rates:

Taxabl	e income		Та	ax rate	
Prior to		Prior to			
2008	Thereafter	2008	2008	2009	Thereafter
Up to ₩100 million	Up to <del>W</del> 200 million	14.3%	12.1%	12.1%	11.0%
Over ₩100 million	Over ₩200 million	27.5%	27.5%	24.2%	22.0%

In December 2008, the Korean government reduced the corporate income tax rate (including resident tax) and increased the tax base from W100 million to W200 million beginning in 2008. Effective January 1, 2008, the income tax rate for those having their taxable income less than W200 million was reduced from 14.3 % to 12.1%.

(b) The components of income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		Korean Wo	n (millions)	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
	_	2008	2007	2008
Current income tax expense Deferred income tax expense Income taxes directly charged	₩	220,752 (54,845)	203,945 66,744	\$ 175,548 (43,614)
(credited) to equity	_	18,244	(4,953)	14,508
Income tax expense	₩	184,151	265,736	\$ 146,442

(c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rate to be applied for the year in which temporary differences are expected to be realized, and the change in deferred tax assets (liabilities) due to the change in the income tax rate amounting to ₩29,289 was recognized in current income tax expense.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

# December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (28) Income Taxes, Continued

(d) The income tax expense calculated by applying statutory tax rates to the Company's taxable income for the year differs from the actual tax expense in the statement of income for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 for the following reasons:

		Korean Wor	(millions)		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)
	-		, ,		2008
	-	2008	2007		2000
Income before income taxes	₩	926,975	957,870	\$	737,157
Expense for income taxes at normal tax					
rates		254,888	263,401		202,694
Adjustments:		<i>i</i>	( -		
Non-taxable income		(766)	(225)		(609)
Non-deductible expense		967	527		769
Tax credit		(4,619)	(5,708)		(3,674)
The change in the income tax rate		(29,289)	-		(23,291)
Change in temporary differences		(37,030)	7,741		(29,447)
Income tax expense	₩	184,151	265,736	\$	146,442
Effective tax rate	%	19.9	27.7	%	19.9

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (28) Income Taxes, Continued

(e) The tax effects of temporary differences that result in significant portions of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 are presented below:

		Korea (milli		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)	
		2008 2007			2008
Deferred tax assets:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts Impairment losses on available-for-sale	₩	1,122	877	\$	893
securities		16	20		13
Accrual for bonus points reward program		7,455	8,075		5,929
Accrued expenses (bonus)		3,404	3,207		2,707
Available-for-sale securities		19	24		15
Negative other comprehensive income due					
to equity method of accounting		3,001	13		2,386
Loss on foreign currency translation		39,361	-		31,301
Others	-	2,609	2,368		2,075
Total deferred tax assets	-	56,987	14,584		45,319
Deferred tax liabilities:					
Depreciation		3,293	4,120		2,618
Accrued interest income		1,115	3,499		887
Disallowed financing costs capitalized		13,593	17,512		10,810
Land		888	1,111		707
Equity method investment securities		105,943	136,389		84,249
Unrealized gain on valuation of available- for-sale securities		2,531	14,595		2,013
Capital surplus due to use of equity method		-	34		-
Capital adjustment due to use of equity method		28			22
Other comprehensive income due to equity		20	-		22
method of accounting Unrealized gain on valuation of derivative		16,379	13,869		13,025
instruments		34,918	-		27,768
Total deferred tax liabilities	-	178,688	191,129		142,099
	-		101,120		. 12,000
Net deferred tax liability	₩	(121,701)	(176,545)	\$	(96,780)

### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

### December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (28) Income Taxes, Continued

- (f) The Company did not recognize deferred tax assets in the amount of ₩1,132 million and ₩32,439 million arising from the taxable temporary differences associated with the impairment losses on available-for-sale securities and equity method securities as of December 31, 2008, respectively, as the temporary differences are not expected to reverse in the foreseeable future. Also, the Company did not recognize deferred tax liabilities in the amount of ₩160,369 million arising from the taxable temporary differences associated with revaluation of land as of December 31, 2008, since it is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.
- (g) As of December 31, 2008, details of aggregate deferred tax assets (liabilities) are as follows:

		Temporary differences	Deferred	on (millions) tax assets lities)
		at December 31, 2008	Current	Non- current
Assets:				
Allowance for doubtful accounts Impairment losses on available-for-sale	₩	4,638	1,122	-
securities		5,220		16
Accrual for bonus points reward program		30,808	7,455	-
Accrued expenses (bonuses)		14,065	3,404	-
Available-for-sale securities		87	-	19
Negative other comprehensive income due		40,400		0.004
to equity method of accounting		19,498	-	3,001
Loss on foreign currency translation		178,913	-	39,361
Others		11,173	1,669	940
		264,402	13,650	43,337
Liabilities:				
Depreciation		14,967	-	3,293
Accrued interest income		4,608	1,115	-
Disallowed financing costs capitalized		61,788	-	13,593
Land		4,038	-	888
Equity method investment securities		725,995	-	105,943
Land (reserve for advance depreciation) Unrealized gain on valuation of available-		728,951	-	-
for-sale securities Capital adjustment due to use of equity		11,505	-	2,531
method		(16,243)	-	28
Other comprehensive income due to equity method of accounting		90,037	-	16,379
Unrealized gain on valuation of derivative		,		,
instruments		158,717	-	34,918
		1,784,363	1,115	177,573
Net deferred income tax asset (liability)	₩	(1,519,961)	12,535	(134,236)

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (28) Income Taxes, Continued

(h) The deferred tax assets (liabilities) that were directly charged (credited) to other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2008 are as follows:

		Korean W	on (millions)		S. dollars ands) (note 3)	
		Temporary difference	Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	Temporary difference	Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	
Unrealized loss on valuation of	-					
available-for-sale securities	₩	(41,569)	12,064	\$ (33,057)	9,594	
Capital surplus on equity method		(1,262)	34	(1,003)	27	
Capital adjustments under the equity method		(16,243)	(28)	(12,917)	(22)	
Unrealized gain on investments under equity						
method, net Unrealized loss on valuation of		16,784	479	13,347	380	
derivative instruments		(25,887)	5,695	(20,586)	4,529	
	₩	(68,177)	18,244	\$ (54,216)	14,508	

# (29) Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

			on (millions, share amount)		U.S. dollars (thousands, except per share amount) (note 3)
	-	2008	2007	-	2008
Net income Weighted-average number of	₩	742,824	692,134	\$	590,715
common shares outstanding	-	29,043,374	29,043,374	-	29,043,374
Earnings per share in Won and U.S. dollars	₩	25,576	23,831	\$_	20.34

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (30) Dividends

(a) Dividends as a percentage of net income and par value for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	-	Korea (mil	<u>-</u>	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note3)	
	-	2008	2007	-	2008
Dividend amount (Cash dividends)	₩	36,304	36,304	\$	28,870
Net income Dividends as a percentage of net	₩	742,824	692,134	\$	590,715
income		4.89%	5.25%		4.89%
Par value per share Dividends as a percentage of par	₩	5,000	5,000	\$	4
value		25.0%	25.0%		25.0%

(b) Dividend yield ratio for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

		Korea	n Won	U.S. dollars (note3)
	-	2008	2007	2008
Dividend per share	₩	1,250	1,250	\$ 1
Market price as of year end Dividend yield ratio		210,000 0.60%	413,000 0.30%	167 0.60%

### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

### (31) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) As of December 31, 2008, the Company has various forms of credit facility commitments with financial institutions as follows:

		Credit line Korean Won (millions), U.S. dollars (thousands)	-	Amount used under credit facility Korean Won (millions), U.S. dollars (thousands)
Overdraft	₩	65,000	₩	1
General loan	₩	100,000	₩	-
Buyer's credit	₩	816,000	₩	188,107
Letter of credit	US\$	18,000	US\$	7,386
Letter of guarantee	US\$	2,000	US\$	<u> </u>
	₩ US\$	981,000 20,000	₩ US\$	188,108 7,386

- (b) As of December 31, 2008, the Company has provided the note of ₩10,000 million as collateral for short-term borrowings from Korea Agro-Fisheries Trade Corporation.
- (c) The Company entered into operating lease contracts with Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd. and Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd.. Details of the lease as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

	Korean Won (millions)							
Lessor	Location	Beginning date	Expiration date	-	Guarantee deposit amount	Monthly rent		
Lotte Midopa Co., Ltd.	Namdaemun-ro, Jung-gu, Seoul	Nov. 18, 2003	Nov. 17, 2023	₩	36,500	355		
Lotte Station Building Co., Ltd.	Nammoon-ro, Sangdang-gu, Cheongju	Feb. 23, 2007	Feb. 22, 2027	-	5,000	251		
				₩	41,500	606		

- (d) The Company entered into 8 contracts with J&Jisan Co., Ltd. and others for the future lease of its buildings and recorded long-term advance payments of ₩52,030 million as of December 31, 2008. Long-term advance payment will transfer to guarantee deposits when the terms of lease begin.
- (e) As of December 31, 2008, the Company is the plaintiff in various lawsuits claiming damages of ₩23,441 million and the Company is the defendant in various lawsuits with damage claims totaling ₩8,762 million. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of these legal actions will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operations of the Company; accordingly, the Company has not accrued any liability for possible losses in the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements.

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (32) <u>Comprehensive Income</u>

Comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

		Korean Won	(millions)	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note3)
		2008	2007	2008
Net income Change in unrealized gain on valuation of available-for-sale securities, net of tax	₩	742,824	692,134	\$ 590,715
effect of ₩12,064 million in 2008 and ₩(6,254) million in 2007 Change in unrealized gain on valuation of equity method investments, net of tax		(29,505)	11,746	(23,463)
effect of ₩479 million in 2008 and ₩(74) million in 2007 Change in unrealized loss on valuation of		17,263	3,074	13,727
derivative, net of tax effect of ₩5,695 million in 2008 and ₩92 million in 2007	_	(20,192)	(243)	(16,057)
Comprehensive income	₩	710,390	706,711	\$ 564,922

# (33) Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities

Significant non-cash investing and financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 are summarized as follows:

		Korean Won	(millions)		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note3)
	_	2008	2007		2008
Construction-in-progress transferred to property, plant and equipment and			- / /	•	
intangible assets	₩	694,766	744,595	\$	552,498
Acquisition of equity method investment securities through in-kind exchange Other investment assets transferred to equity		37,418	-		29,756
method investment securities		5,702	123,644		4,534

#### Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

#### December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### (34) <u>Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting</u>

The Company changed its accounting policy on equity method accounted investments in conformity with SKAS No. 15, *Investment In Associates*, revised February 22, 2008 which requires the difference between the acquisition cost of minority interest of subsidiaries and book value of net assets transferred to be recorded in capital surplus or capital adjustment, as appropriate, resulting in net assets of non-consolidated financial statements to equal those of consolidated financial statements.

This change in accounting policy resulted in an increase in gain on valuation of equity method investment securities by ₩3,118 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. In addition, this resulted in increases in capital surplus by ₩1,228 million and unappropriated retained earnings by ₩12,482 million, and decrease in equity method investment securities by ₩12,182 million and unrealized holding gain on equity method investments, net by ₩20,515 million as of December 31, 2008, respectively. The Company restated prior period's non-consolidated financial statements in accordance with the transitional guidance required for changes in accounting policy.

The cumulative effects due to the retrospective adjustment for the prior three years are summarized as follows:

		Korean Won (millions)							
	200	07	20	06	20	05			
Account	Before	As Adjusted	Before	As Adjusted	Before	As Adjusted			
Equity in income of affiliates	₩ 209,129	212,247	234,609	237,727	159,811	162,929			
Income before income taxes	954,753	957,870	985,943	989,060	728,779	731,896			
Income taxes	265,292	265,736	246,099	246,543	182,562	183,006			
Net income	689,461	692,134	739,844	742,517	546,217	548,890			
Basic earnings per share in Won	23,739	23,831	26,399	26,494	27,311	27,445			
Equity method investment securities	2,112,201	2,096,901	1,433,835	1,415,417	1,135,699	1,114,164			
Deferred income tax liabilities	192,214	186,393	131,942	125,677	82,132	75,422			
Other capital surplus	1,043,985	1,045,213	1,043,985	1,045,247	1,043,985	1,045,247			
Unrealized gain on investments under equity method, net	60,413	39,898	57,373	36,824	50,600	30,051			
Retained earnings	702,789	712,598	753,263	760,398	556,298	560,760			

# Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2008 and 2007

# (35) Segment Information

- (a) The Company's major business segments consist of department stores (retail), marts (retail) and others (construction, foods manufacturing, movie theaters and supermarkets).
- (b) Financial information by business segment for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 is summarized as follows:

	Korean Won (millions)									
			200	)8		2007				
	[ 	Department stores	Marts	Other	Total	Department stores	Marts	Other	Total	
Sales Operating	₩	5,456,646	4,060,041	1,037,105	10,553,792	5,206,453	3,805,319	756,360	9,768,132	
income Depreciation and		639,056	110,567	19,366	768,989	645,727	104,721	6,223	756,671	
amortization		151,990	141,850	72,860	366,700	141,970	131,154	59,254	332,378	

		U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)								
		2008				2007				
	Т	Department			Department					
		stores	Marts	Other	Total	stores	Marts	Other	Total	
Sales Operating	₩	4,339,281	3,228,661	824,736	9,768,132	4,140,321	3,026,099	601,478	7,767,898	
income Depreciation and		508,195	87,926	15,402	756,671	513,501	83,277	4,948	601,726	
amortization		120,867	112,803	57,940	332,378	112,899	104,297	47,120	264,316	

(c) Property, plant and equipment and intangible asset net information for the major segments as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 is summarized as follows:

	Korean Won (millions)								
	2008				2007				
	Department stores	Marts	Other	Total	Department stores	Marts	Other	Total	
Property, plant and equipment <del>W</del>		3,024,807	346,745	7,060,981	3,498,658	2,913,052	,	6,740,876	
Intangible assets	30,762	59,395	41,373	131,530	11,108	61,721	39,695	112,524	
Total	3,720,191	3,084,202	388,118	7,192,511	3,509,766	2,974,773	368,861	6,853,400	

	U.S. dollars (thousands) (note 3)								
	2008				2007				
	Department stores	Marts	Other	Total	Department stores	Marts	Other	Total	
Property, plant and equipment <del>W</del> Intangible assets	, ,	2,405,413	275,742	5,615,094	2,782,233	2,316,543	,	5,360,538	
	24,463	47,233	32,900	104,596	8,833	49,082	31,567	89,482	
Total	2,958,402	2,452,646	308,642	5,719,690	2,791,066	2,365,625	293,329	5,450,020	

# Independent Accountants' Review Report on Internal Accounting Control System

English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Korean

To the President of Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd.;

We have reviewed the accompanying Report on the Operations of Internal Accounting Control System ("IACS") of Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2008. The Company's management is responsible for designing and maintaining effective IACS and for its assessment of the effectiveness of IACS. Our responsibility is to review management's assessment and issue a report based on our review. In the accompanying report of management's assessment of IACS, the Company's management stated: "Based on the assessment on the operations of the IACS, the Company's IACS has been effectively designed and is operating as of December 31, 2008, in all material respects, in accordance with the IACS Framework issued by the Internal Accounting Control System Operation Committee."

We conducted our review in accordance with IACS Review Standards, issued by the Korean Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those Standards require that we plan and perform the review to obtain assurance of a level less than that of an audit as to whether Report on the Operations of Internal Accounting Control System is free of material misstatement. Our review consists principally of obtaining an understanding of the Company's IACS, inquiries of company personnel about the details of the report, and tracing to related documents we considered necessary in the circumstances. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

A company's IACS is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of its inherent limitations, however, IACS may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that the Report on the Operations of Internal Accounting Control System as of December 31, 2008 is not prepared in all material respects, in accordance with IACS Framework issued by the Internal Accounting Control System Operation Committee.

This report applies to the Company's IACS in existence as of December 31, 2008. We did not review the Company's IACS subsequent to December 31, 2008. This report has been prepared for Korean regulatory purposes, pursuant to the External Audit Law, and may not be appropriate for other purposes or for other users.

February 12, 2009

Notice to Readers

This report is annexed in relation to the audit of the non-consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2008 and the review of internal accounting control system pursuant to Article 2-3 of the Act on External Audit for Stock Companies of the Republic of Korea.

# **Report on the Operations of Internal Accounting Control System**

To the Board of Directors and Internal Auditor (Audit Committee) of Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd.;

I, as the Internal Accounting Control Officer ("IACO") of Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), have assessed the status of the design and operations of the Company's internal accounting control system ("IACS") for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The Company's management including IACO is responsible for the design and operations of its IACS. I, as the IACO, have assessed whether the IACS has been effectively designed and is operating to prevent and detect any error or fraud which may cause any misstatement of the financial statements, for the purpose of establishing the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes. I, as the IACO, applied the IACS Framework for the assessment of design and operations of the IACS.

Based on the assessment of the operations of the IACS, the Company's IACS has been effectively designed and is operating as of December 31, 2008, in all material respects, in accordance with the IACS Framework issued by the Internal Accounting Control System Operation Committee.

Hyun Soo, Kim, Internal Accounting Control Officer

Chul Woo, Lee, Chief Executive Officer or President

January 22, 2009